Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 11—Seventh Year. VICTORIA, B. C., TUESDAY, MAY 6, 1890. No. 283

WANTS.

ADVERTISEMENTS of To Let, Wanted, Etc., under these heads, four lines or under 25 cents for each insertion; and pro rata for more space or longer time.

WANTED—A young man to attend to horses and garden. None but an experienced groom need apply. Address P. O. box 37. m6-1w

WANTED—A good express driver who is well acquainted with the city. Apply at the Vancouver House. my6-2t

WANTED—A good waiter at once. Address W this office. my6-1w

WANTED—A smart lad, age twelve, for a clothing store, wages $3.00 a week, apply by letter to box 111 Victoria P. O. m6-tf

WANTED—A nurse. Also a general servant. Apply to Mrs. George Gillespie, Esquimalt Road. my5-1w

BOY WANTED.—For a retail store. Apply in applicants own hand writing to F. G. care TIMES office. ma5-tf

WANTED—First class skirt makers. Apply to Mrs. Willis, over City House Govt. St. m5-3t

WANTED—Young Scotchman of good address and education would be glad of employment in any capacity. Trustworthy and willing, please address box 254 post office. m5 1w

WANTED—A situation for a young lady well experienced in all branches of household work, sewing, etc., in a respectable private family. Address W.L.B., Post Office, Vancouver, B. C. my5-4t

WANTED—A cabinet maker. Only a first-class man need apply. Jos. Sommers, Government street. my3-3t

WANTED—Attractive solicitor for city business on a steady job. Apply by letter. Address P. O. Drawer No. 33. my2-1w

WANTED—A girl to make herself generally useful. Apply at 12 Birdcage Walk. a28tf

WANTED—A nurse girl. Apply 112 Fort street. ap28-1w

WANTED—Six first-class transitmen; also six first-class draughtsmen. Apply to Miller & Going, Box 291, Port Townsend. ap28tf

WANTED—A good tinsmith. Apply to A. Lewis & Co. 46 Yates St. ap24-2w

WANTED—A boy about 12 to 15 years of age to do light farm work, apply at 36 Douglas street. ap23-4w

WANTED—A tinsmith with capital as partner in a well established stove business. Apply A. O., TIMES office. ap21tf

WANTED—Immediately, two first class coat makers. None but first class men need apply. A Gregg & Son, Yates St. ap9-tf

WANTED—A strong boy to carry parcels and make himself generally useful. Apply at the White House. ap8-tf

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE ENERGETIC young man, with thorough business tact, to solicit family tea trade. One experienced preferred. Apply to Victoria Tea Company, corner Douglas and Yates streets. Apr 17-tf

TO LET.

TO LET—Several large rooms. Apply 102 Government street. ap24-tf

TO LET.—After July 1st, the handsome residence Maplehurst, 153 Blanchard street, unfurnished. Apply C. W. Rhodes. ap18-tf

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOMS can be had at Miss McCandlish' private hotel, 88 Superior street, James Bay. ap12-tf

TO LET—New four roomed house to let and furniture for sale. Furniture in use only four months. Ira Fenton, No. 2 Churchway. j18

TO RENT—Furnished or unfurnished rooms to rent; 3 minutes walk from Post Office; healthy location. For particulars apply to No. 6 Humboldt street, city. ja18-tf

TO LET—A FURNISHED ROOM, NO. 87 Douglas street, corner Kane. Apr 17

FOR SALE.

GENTLEMAN'S RESIDENCE IN VICTORIA, with ample grounds and many unique attractions. Ten minutes walk from the Post Office. Frontage on three streets and the harbor. Substantial dwelling-house, with moderate-sized, lofty, sunny rooms, several bedrooms, bathroom, frost-proof cellar, and usual out-buildings. House and grounds thoroughly drained with brick and tiles. Large lawn, choice shrubs, flowers, and fruit in great variety and perfect condition. Boathouse. Address, P.O. box 423, Victoria. my3-1m

PRIVATE SALE—HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE. Seven rooms well furnished; a bargain to anyone wishing to commence housekeeping, or will be sold in separate sets. At No. 4 Gordon street. my1-1w

BOARD.

BOARD—The Leland House, corner of Douglas street and Queen's avenue. Well furnished rooms for families or single boarders at reasonable rates. J. MacCartney, proprietor. my5-1m

PRIVATE BOARD at corner Pandora and Quadra street. Board by the meal, day or week. MRS. CROWTHER. ap23-1m

THE NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.
Established 1797. Amount insured [illegible].
H. D. HELMCKEN, Agent.
Bastion street, Victoria, B. C. jan3-1y

ARCHITECTS.

P. H. DONOVAN, ARCHITECT.
Office, Craft & Norris Block, Douglas street. Plans and specifications furnished on the shortest notice. ap2tf

CORNELIUS J. SOULE, ARCHITECT.
Member Ontario Association of Architects. Offices, Government street, next to Geo. H. Maynard's. feb27-1m

BEFORE BUILDING, CALL ON T. B. NORGATE,
Architect and Mechanical Engineer. Drawings for Patent Office. Office, Moody's Block, 76 Yates street, Victoria, B. C. m20tf

JNO. TEAGUE, ARCHITECT.
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

SOCIETIES.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE, No. 2, A.F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. Jy3 R. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH Chapter, No. 120, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions cordially invited. W. J. QUINLAN, Scribe E. jy1-1y

DOMINION LODGE, No. 4, I. O. O. F., meets at the hall, Douglas street, every Thursday evening. [illegible] JAMES AULD, N.G.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, K. of P. Regular convention every Friday evening at Foresters' Hall, Government street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend. [illegible] K. of R. & S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN society meets in [illegible] hall, [illegible] on the first Friday in every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join. [illegible], Secretary.

PHYSICIANS.

HOMŒPATHIC REMOVAL. DR. J. HALL.
Will leave his rooms on Pandora street on Monday, December 2nd, for the new brick block corner of Yates and Douglas streets, where he may be consulted at the usual hours, from 1 to 4 p.m., excepting Sundays and holidays. nov27

J. K. GARROW, M. D.
(Lately attending Guy's Hospital, London, and Royal Infirmary, Edinburgh.) Specialties: Diseases of Women and Children and Chronic Diseases. Office and residence, corner of Douglas and Pandora streets, directly opposite City Hall. Office hours:—9 to 11 a.m., 1 to 3, and 7 to 8:30 p.m. Calls in city or country promptly attended to. nov9-3m

CIVIL ENGINEERS, Etc.

C. W. BUSK, Assoc. M. Inst. C.E., M. Can. Soc. C.E.
MINING AND GENERAL SURVEYOR AND CIVIL ENGINEER.
Plans and estimates furnished, reports prepared, works undertaken, and contracts superintended for all kinds of Engineering or Surveying work in the south part of the West Kootenay District. Address P. O. Box 316, Victoria, B. C., or Nelson, Kootenay Lake, B. C. jan29

G. HARGREAVES, CIVIL ENGINEER, LAND SURVEYOR AND ARCHITECT.
Plans, specifications and estimates furnished for buildings. S. E. corner of Government and Fort streets, upstairs, Victoria, B. C.

GRAY & DEVEREUX, CIVIL ENGINEERS.
And Railway, Land and Mine Surveyors. Plans, specifications and estimates of structures and excavations prepared for contractors. Surveys taken by contract in all parts of the province and Washington. Timber limits located. Office—Room "C," White House (upstairs), Government street. P.O. Box 358. Branch office in Seattle. feb7-6m

MISCELLANEOUS.

REMOVED—White Labor Employment Office to 94 Yates street, where all kinds of help can be obtained at short notice. Also, Fruits, Candies, Cigars, etc. m3-1m BINGHAM & REYNARD.

SURVEYING PARTIES, fully equipped, and in charge of competent chiefs, furnished on short notice. Draughting, mapping and blue printing. MILLER & GOING, Box 291, Port Townsend. ap28tf

QUEEN'S MARKET, L. GOODACRE,
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

JOHN J. AUSTIN, NOTARY PUBLIC.
Real Estate and General Agent. Loans negotiated. Town and Country Property for sale. Office Government street, Victoria. P.O. Box 30.

A. & W. WILSON, PLUMBERS AND FITTERS.
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 129.

BANKERS.

GARESCHE, GREEN & CO., BANKERS,
Government street, Victoria, B. C. Deposits received in gold, silver and U. S. currency. Interest paid on the same on time deposits. Gold dust and U. S. currency purchased at highest market rates. Sight Drafts and Telegraph Transfers to San Francisco, New York and Canada. Exchange on London, available in all parts of Europe, England, Ireland and Scotland. Letters of Credit issued on the principal cities of the United States, Canada and Europe. Agents for Wells, Fargo & Co.

The Newfoundland Quarrel.

Newfoundland, according to recent dispatches, is in a state of intense excitement because of the action of the home government in the matter of the French fishery claims. The origin of the present difficulties is found in the Treaty of Utrecht made in 1713. While this treaty admitted the sovereignty of England over Newfoundland, and its previous right to the entire territory, nevertheless some qualified privileges were reserved to the French, and by the thirteenth article of the treaty it was provided that "it shall be allowed to the subjects of France to catch fish and dry them on land" upon specified parts of the coast, from Cape St. John on the east coast to Cape Ray at the southwest angle of the island. The colonists claim a concurrent right on their part with the French to the extent of fishing in common with them, while the French claim an exclusive right of fishing. The British Government takes the position that its subjects cannot "prosecute fishery in common with the French at the particular stations to which the latter may resort for their summer's fishery, so that it may not be endangered by interruption, but that they may do so at other places within those limits." In 1884-85, a futile attempt was made to come to a harmonious understanding by a convention between France and Newfoundland. The Colonial Legislature declined to allow the French to buy bait from the colonists, and passed an act excluding foreigners from the right of such purchase. The French have also set up a perfectly untenable claim to catch lobsters and insist that the English have no right to take lobsters and erect canneries, on the ground that they interfere with the French fishery. The French are clearly wrong, for under the treaty of Utrecht, the rights of the French are limited to catching and drying codfish on the coast, and unless it could be shown that the English lobster fishing and canneries interfere with the French cod fishery the French had no cause of complaint. The fishery of the treaties was clearly cod fishery, and their language clearly excluded the French from all other fishing on the coast declaring that it should be unlawful for the French to erect buildings "except those necessary and usual for drying fish." This language of the treaty of 1713 was reaffirmed by the treaties between France and England of 1763-83 and 1814. Of course, as there was no lobster fishing known under these treaties, and as the language used is not applicable to lobster catching and canning, the French claim to this extent is without foundation. The coldness of the home government in refusing to settle this vexed question has put the 200,000 British subjects in Newfoundland in a very angry mood, and threats are freely made that, if the quarrel is not soon settled by the home government, Newfoundland would do better to ask to be annexed to the United States.—Oregonian.

A Cigarette that can be indulged in without fear of injury—Sweet Caporals.

Falke's Milwaukee Bock Beer on draught at the Royal Hotel.

FOREIGN TELEGRAMS.

VILLARD'S DREAM OF A RAILWAY FROM OCEAN TO OCEAN.

The First Vestibuled Trains in Canada to Run Between Montreal and Chicago—Striking Moulders Being Replaced in San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 6.—The crew of the U. S. corvett Marion, which arrived from Asiatic waters a few days ago, have presented the city with a set of silk colors and penant. Mayor Pond, in a letter to the donors, says: "Our people will feel honored that their city should have been selected as the recipient of so elegant and apropriate a donation. Thursday the 8th has been fixed as the date for the formal presentation.

Villard Victorious.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 6.—The Chronicle this morning says, "Henry Villard has waited several years to see the realization of his dream of a railroad from ocean to ocean, but it has come now by the purchase of the Chicago and Great Western Railway by the Northern Pacific. If any one had predicted when the crash came that unseated Villard, that he would be in power again in six years and stronger than before, the prophet would have been laughed at. Such a recuperation is common in fiction but very rare in real life.

Re-placing the Striking Moulders.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 6.—Late last night twenty-two eastern moulders arrived in the city. Twelve of them were taken to the Union Iron Works and ten to the City Iron Works. There was no trouble whatever connected with the arrival of the men and the strikers did not interfere.

Dangerously Ill.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 6—United States District Judge Sabine, of Nevada, is lying dangerously ill with inflamatory rheumatism in this city. He is not expected to live.

Scarcity of Coal.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 3.—The review of the local coal market for April says: Deliveries in the port during the past month of foreign coal, amounted to four cargoes of Australian, with an unprecedently small list of coal tonnage to arrive within the next sixty days from that quarter, and no coal is on the way from Great Britain. Notwithstanding this, prices have remained without change, and the market is quiet and showing no scarcity of coal. One of the reasons for the coal remaining comparatively low is the fact that Australian coal for future loading is being offered at considerably reduced prices. Buyers, however, hold off, looking for further concessions as a valuable Australian coal tonnage is showing up more plentiful, while the supplies from the coast and British Columbia mines are ample to meet the reduced consumption of the season deliveries.

The deliveries in port during April were: Australian, 9770; Eastern, 260; British Columbia, 39,560; Seattle, 17,950; Tacoma, 7400; other mines, 4000; total, 80,540; total deliveries during 1890 to date, 309,050.

Closer Railway Connection.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 6.—M. M. Stern, general agent on the coast for the Canadian Pacific, has received a circular announcing that, beginning early in June, through vestibuled trains will be run between Montreal and Chicago over the Canadian Pacific and Wabash lines. This will be the first vestibuled train to be operated in Canada. This shows the completion of the close traffic alliance covering both freight and passenger business between those companies on one hand and the Canadian Pacific has found it necessary to reach Chicago on account of the competition of the Grand Trunk on through business, and on the other hand the Wabash is enabled to meet the competition of Vanderbilt's system.

Overflowing Ranches.

RENO, Nev., May 6.—The gates of the new dam at Dolmer have been opened for fear that the pressure might become so great as to cause a break as the water had risen four feet in the lake last week. A volume twenty feet wide and six feet deep was thus thrown into the Truckee river which also has been steadily rising for several days and has thrown out several dams and caused an overflow of some ranches. No great amount of damage has yet been done, but people along the river fear that a few hot days or a heavy rain might cause great damage.

Fatally Wounded His Father.

BUTLER, Mo., May 6.—Jos. Carr and his wife quarrelled last night over some trivial affair when Carr raised a chair as if to strike his wife when his son charles, aged 13, who was standing in the yard, threw a stone at his father through the open door. The missle struck Carr on the forehead between the eyes, fracturing his skull and fatally wounded him. The boy has been arrested.

Fast Torpedo Boat.

NEW YORK, May 5.—The United States torpedo boat Cushing broke the record, coming from Newport to New York, making the distance in 6 hours 57 minutes, thus beating the time of the steam yacht "Now Then," made three years ago, by seven minutes. Moreover, she did this in the face of a head wind and a choppy sea, and in spite of the fact that the crew were nearly all green men. Lieut. Winslow is enthusiastic, and says that from observation he believes she will keep up a speed of 22½ knots all day. She goes from here to Washington, where she will be officially inspected by officials of the navy department and congressional committees. Another remarkable thing about her run is that only hard coal was used in her furnace. Said Lieut. Winslow: "I have seen the vessel make 24½ knots, which is equal 18.28 miles, and then she was going under a steam pressure of only 242 pounds, seven pounds less than she was designed to carry. Her boiler has been tested at the rate of 32 pounds to the square inch. She ought to make the distance between New York and Newport at the rate of 21 knots per hour with hard coal, and 22½ knots with soft coal. We expect great things of her when her crew gets all trained.

Back to Work.

CHICAGO, May 6.—Nearly all the great manufacturing establishment's workers, who went out on strike on Friday, were back at work to-day, most of them under the conditions against which they rebelled two days ago.

Grant Their Demands.

NEW YORK, May 5.—Two hundred boss carpenters to-day granted the demands asked by their men, only thirty-five refusing. The men struck for eight hours. Everything is quiet.

The Umpire Thrashed.

SACRAMENTO, May 5—At a ball game to-day Norris O'Neill was so noisy in coaching that he became offensive, and when he struck out twice in succession was guyed by the crowd. He lost his temper, berated the spectators in stentorian tones, calling them a variety of unseemely names, and was fined $5 by Chipman, and in the sixth innings was again fined $5 for coaching while running bases. In the same inning he interfered with a ball thrown from second to first, and his side was retired by Chipman. At the end of the inning he and Chipman had hot words ending in blows. Blood was seen trickling down Chipman's neck, and amid cries of "put him out!" and "hang him!" from 1,600 people, O'Neill was arrested and taken to the police station on a charge of disturbing the peace and released on $1,000 bond.

The Last of Cronin.

CHICAGO, May 5.—The formal interment ceremonies over the remains of Dr. Cronin were held at Calvary cemetery to-day. The assemblage gathered closely about the grave as a few brief words of service were spoken by Father Muldoon and Father Toomey. After the religious services those present passed in double file, viewing the casket as it rested above the stone receptacle prepared for its final resting place. When all had gazed at the coffin, the heavy stone was put in place, closing the tomb which was then sealed.

The Planing Mills Strike.

CHICAGO, May 5.—In the planing mill district the condition of the strike and the strikers in relation to the eight hour movement seems to be somewhat confused. At some of the mills the men have returned on the old 10 hour basis, while at other mills 8 hours a day has been granted with 8 hours pay. Taken as a whole the planing strike failure was because the men lacked organization, leadership and co-operation. At the large packing houses everything is quiet, peaceful and busy. This morning the usual daily routine went on without interruption and no trouble is anticipated.

Sentenced to two Years.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 6.—T. C. McCann, the Stockton druggist who was indicted for sending immoral circulars through the mails and who fled to Illinois, where he was captured was sentenced by U. S. District Judge Hoffman this afternoon to two years in State prison at hard labor.

STEAMBOAT WAR.

Severe Blow Struck at the Sound Monopoly—Further Action Probable.

FAIRHAVEN, May 4.—A few days ago the captain of the freight steamer Haytien Republic visited Fairhaven to investigate matters relative to the channels through which freight arrived at Bellingham Bay, the amount of freight consumed by the bay cities and to ascertain the depth of water at the various docks that project into Bellingham Bay. The examination was highly satisfactory to Captain Brown. He found that his ship could land at Fairhaven wharf at the lowest stage of the tide. He said that if the bay cities would pledge themselves to supply the Haytien Republic with sufficient freight he would in the future discharge cargoes shipped from San Francisco to Bellingham Bay at Fairhaven instead of Seattle.

The merchants of Fairhaven, through the Chamber of Commerce of this city, have pledged themselves to supply the Haytien Republic with between 300 and 400 tons of freight per month. The understanding is that the freight charge from San Francisco to Fairhaven is to be $5 per ton. This is much less per ton than the present charges between Seattle and Fairhaven.

This movement is the first blow struck at the steamboat transportation monopoly of the Sound that recently sharply increased transportation rates on the Sound. The end is not yet.

The Grip.

The influenza epidemic has reached India, having thus made a complete tour around the world. The Calcutta correspondent of the London Times says: "Influenza is now raging in Calcutta to such an extent as seriously to interfere with public and private business. A large number of the police force are incapacitated for duty. Fifty per cent. of the employees of the Bengal Government Press are on the sick list, and from 20 to 40 per cent. in other public offices, and in the establishments of private firms. Cases are daily postponed in the law courts owing to the parties or the witnesses being unable to attend. The magistrate of Howrah, on the opposite side of the river, was obliged to close the court for some days, as 17 out of his 23 subordinates were laid up with the malady. It seems to be of a mild type, rarely lasting more than three days; but it is said that in some instances among the natives it is followed by pneumonia, which occasionally proves fatal."

Microbe Killers on sale at Daley's 111 Government street.

None but skilled workmen employed in rolling Kinney Bros. popular Sweet Caporals.

"Lincrusta Walton," the most popular of all wall decorations at John Weiler's 51 to 55 Fort street.

HOME AND FOREIGN.

NEW WESTMINSTER CARPENTERS STRIKE FOR NINE HOURS.

Mass Meetings Held in Support of the Movement—A Nine Hour League Formed—Mr. DeCosmos in the Royal City on Railway Business.

LONDON, May 6.—Bradlaugh, M. P. for Sterling and a friend of the working men, but opposed to the eight hour law has accepted an invitation of John Burns, the labor advocate to discuss the question in public.

English Emigration.

LONDON, May 6.—The statement that only about one hundred thousand square miles of land suitable for settlement by emigrants, remain in the United States, has come like a revelation to Englishmen who have been clinging to the belief that America was only half settled. The statement has just been made before a select committee of the House of Commons on colonization, together with the announcement that in Australia there are 500,000 square miles and in Manitoba 400,000 square miles for colonization purposes. The records show that since 1815, 125,000 people left the United Kingdom. Two-thirds of these emigrants entered the States since 1876, against 3,050,000 British people who had emigrated, there were nearly a million immigrants come to this country. These figures have convinced the committee that emigration from the British Isles is no longer as desirable as formerly, and the committee will recommend in their report that stimulated and assisted immigration be discontinued except to Australia.

Bonny's Story About Stanley.

LONDON, May 6.—Following Stanley's book "In Darkest Africa" Mr. Jepson's book will appear. This work will describe nine months life with Emin during the absence of Stanley besides giving another view of the expedition. Jepson writes in a tone much friendlier to Stanley than Bonny's narrative, because he knows a good deal more than Bonny did. The latter's book covering the period of the terrible months of starvation, fighting in camp at Aruwhimi, blames Stanley for disasterous loss of life which occurred during this part of the expedition and holds up the great explorer as an unscrupulous adventurer, reckless of the lives of his colleagues and as a braggart who suppresses truth for the sake of the glorification of himself. Bonny is the sole survivor of the rear guard and he has some most dramatic episodes of the expedition to narrate. He does not spare Stanley in his frantic outburst of anger and alleges that the leader has been trying to keep him in the back ground.

Houses Wrecked.

BARCELONA, May 6.—Great excitement was caused this morning at the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Clubhouse by the explosion of a bomb in front of the buildings. The concussion was terrific, the doors, windows and houses being wrecked. There is much discontent amongst the strikers owing to the failure to secure their demands. Many disputes between themselves ended in fights. A large number of strikers show a disposition to return to work. The authorities here assured them that if they resume work they will be protected.

NEW WESTMINSTER.

All the Carpenters and Joiners Strike for Nine Hours a Day.

NEW WESTMINSTER, May 6.—About 200 carpenters and joiners of this city struck in a body at noon yesterday for 9 hours a day. Only a few men remained at work, and building operations are in consequence practically at a stand still. During the afternoon the strikers marched in a procession to the Orange hall where they held a meeting to consider the situation. The strikers held a large mass meeting in the Orange hall again last night. A resolution was passed to publish a notice intimating to the contractors that an agreement for nine hours was in the hands of the secretary of the League and open to be signed by any who choose. Another resolution was passed empowering the executive to grant permits to workers to resume employment with contractors as soon as the latter signed an agreement. The strikers will be in continuous attendance at the Orange Hall to-day. Pickets have been appointed and a mass meeting of the nine hour league will be held in the Orange Hall to-night. Several contractors have signed the agreement this morning. It is expected the remainder will agree to the nine hours shortly.

Hon. Amor DeCosmos is in the city on business connected with V. S. and N. W. railway.

Work on the construction of the New Westminster and Southern railway wharf at Herrings Point, above Brownsville commenced this morning.

CHURCH BURNED.

The English Church at Barkerville Destroyed by Fire.

BARKERVILLE, B. C., May 6.—A fire broke out in the English church this morning, and in spite of the efforts of the fire brigade and many willing hands, who worked hard and in great danger, resulted in almost total loss. Insurance, $1000.

PREVALENT HOT WEATHER.

Reports From Points in the Interior Concerning Old Sol.

Special to the TIMES.]

ASHCROFT, B.C., May 6.—The weather throughout the interior is very hot and dry. To-day, at one o'clock, the temperature in the shade was as follows: At Ashcroft, 85; Clinton, 82; Soda Creek, 83; Quesnelle, 84. Barkerville, very warm for the last few days. There is considerable snow in the mountains, but it is melting rapidly. At Soda Creek and Quesnelle, the water in the Fraser river is nearly as high as the highest point last year. It fell about a foot or more within the last 48 hours.

The probabilities are that it has reached the highest point until the June rise, the extent of which depends upon the weather in the meantime.

MISSIONARIES IN JOURNALISM.

A Multitude of Men Who Know How to Run Newspapers.

Last year a great many new papers were started in the great state of Washington, says the Waitsburg Times, and in nearly every case the public was assured that "a great improvement" was in store, that "we will now have a paper as is a paper." In most cases the new editors were recent arrivals from somewhere else, and were going to show the western people what journalism was—give them a first class paper, and so on ad nauseum. But in nearly every case the people who gave them encouragement and financial aid have already seen their mistake—have found that the old papers were really better than they thought, and are rallying to their support again, with an earnestness that has a meaning. A large per cent. of these journalistic fledgings have proved to be quite ephemeral in their nature. Many of them have already crawled into their holes and pulled the holes in after them, and others are hunting hiding places. The type founders are now shipping back a large part of the material they last year shipped out. Almost every week we read of the demise of a paper or two. We have before us, as we write, a paper started less than a year ago. It made great promises, and its friends exhibited it with much delight, and sang its praises aloud. It started as an eight page all home print publication, and employed first-class printers at good wages. Soon it began to show signs of failing; discharged its printers, began using a "patent inside," and now, as its looks and make-up plainly show, is on its last legs; is not paying running expenses. Its editor says, "Hold; enough," and is now looking for some other kind of a job. Poor man! we pity him. But then the woods are full of men who want to be editors, and nothing but actual experience will convince them that the life of an editor is a life of incessant toil, and that to succeed at the business requires a peculiar ability possessed by but few.

A Chinese Politician.

Many of the grasping politicians of this western world will be surprised to hear that in China poverty is a distinct force in politics, and one of the surest means of attaining power. In a Chinese official it is a test of probity, and many of the greatest of the Celestial statesmen of recent times have owed their immense influence in state-matters to the fact that they remained poor. Among them is the great Viceroy Chang Chihtung, who owes much, it is said, to the emptiness of his purse. Speaking of him, the Chinese Times says:

"No doubt he is by nature courageous, but his courage derives its daily sustenance from the consciousness that he has nothing to fear. No treacherous subordinate or black-mailing censor can find a hole in his armor of proof, and he holds his head erect and defiant, triumphing even over his own mistakes and shortcomings. * * * * The Court does not conceal its irritation at the ways of the imperious little man, but it dare not say very much, for the country is with him. He may proceed from one audacious failure to another, and may spend the State's money virtually as he pleases, but he will go very far indeed before he will seriously compromise his position in the country. He defies fortune with the genial levity of one who is not in her debt, and who has no future favors to bespeak; he is a veritable power in the State, resting on the threefold basis of his pen, his patriotism, and his poverty, but the greatest is poverty."

Beck a Scotchman.

Senator Beck whose death the telegraph announced yesterday was born in Dumfriesshire, Scotland, February 13, 1822. He received an academic education in his native land, and, coming to the United States with his parents, settled in Lexington, Ky., and was graduated at the law school of Transylvania in that place in 1846. He then practiced law in Lexington and in 1866 was elected to congress, serving four successive terms, from 1867 to 1875. He declined a re-election as representative. In May 1876 he was appointed a member of the commission to define the Virginia and Maryland boundary, and in the same year was elected to the United States Senate as a democrat to succeed John W. Stevenson. He took his seat March 4, 1897, and was re-elected in 1882 for the term that expired in March, 1889. He was again re-elected and his term expires in March, 1895. During his congressional career Mr. Beck served on important committees and had often been prominent in important debates. He had been specially interested in questions relating to the tariff and the currency.

Synonyms For Money.

The huge number of synonyms for money illustrates remarkably well the variety of sources from which our slang words are recruited and the remarkable appositeness of some of them. We may talk of our money in scores of ways, among which are, for instance, "the actual," "the needful," or "the wherewithal," "brass," "blunt," "tin," or "brass," "chips," "dibs," or "pieces," "dust," "chink," or "[illegible]," "shekels," "spondulics," or "dollars," "stamps," "feathers," or "Palm oil," which last is such an [illegible] appropriate name for it that "shin plaster" [illegible] by comparison, and the [illegible] popular "oof," [illegible] imbecile and inept.

Shaving outfits, pocket [illegible] H. & H. Fox, 78 Government [illegible]

THE MORMON POSITION.

MR. MAITLAND STENHOUSE IN SALT LAKE CITY.

Lecture on the Latter Day and Former Day Saints—Church of Christ Without a Representative for Eighteen Hundred Years—"A Christianity of Compromise."

During the April Conference of the Mormon Church, Mr. Maitland Stenhouse spoke to a crowded audience in the Assembly Hall, Salt Lake City. After bearing his personal testimony to the truth of the primitive Christianity as restored in this age to the Latter Day Saints, he proceeded to argue as follows:

That the Primitive Church was directed in all its movements by revelation from the Holy Ghost, which is the mind of the Father and the Son, and was thus in immediate, sentient contact with the Godhead, we have most abundant evidence in the books of the New Testament; while nothing is to be found in inspired writing to support the sectarian idea, that this obvious condition of spiritual vitality was ever to be superseded or done away. On the contrary, the Apostle Peter, whom all Christians of all schools profess to revere, has authoritatively declared that the promised gift of the Holy Ghost should continue even to all the Lord our God should call. So, too, with respect to organization. No authority is given by Jesus Christ or His Apostles for any alteration in the method of church government. We are informed by the Apostle Paul that "God hath set some in the church, first Apostles, secondarily Prophets." And yet for nearly eighteen hundred years of our era, as is universally admitted, the world was actually without Apostles and without Prophets! Now, what is the reasonable inference to be drawn from this startling fact? I am now addressing myself to those who at least believe in the inspiration of the New Testament. If any infidels are present, my remarks are not intended for them. I shall consider their position on another occasion. Meantime, I ask all Christians of all schools what are we to conclude from the generally admitted fact, that for nearly eighteen hundred years of the Christian era there were no apostles and no prophets on our earth? I think we are forced to the conclusion, whether we will or no, that during the whole of that period the church of Jesus Christ was withdrawn from the earth, and had not a solitary representative amongst us. (Sensation.) Many of the latter day saints have expressed surprise that, throughout such a lengthened period, no pronounced imitation of the primitive organization was ever attempted by any of the numerous churches claiming to be of Christ; but, to my mind I must say it is not a matter of astonishment. Although Christianity, as an abstraction, is highly respectable to-day by reason of its antiquity, I am afraid the concrete essence of the Church of Christ is no more popular than it was in the days of the first Apostles, nearly all of whom were murdered. In the primitive church, moreover, the work of preaching was not a pecuniary success; and hence, nearly all the later churches have been led, in self defence, and under stress of competition, rather to improve on the original model than to imitate it. And this, brethren and sisters, is to my mind another and most convincing proof that these churches were all of them, in their inception and development, essentially secular institutions. And yet, I am free to confess that very many of these institutions have done a good and useful work, and could ill have been spared. They have given to many tribes and peoples the elements of a moral renovation, that could only be founded on the sublime ethics of Christ's teaching to men. They have labored, and some of them are even now laboring in remotest lands, and are reclaiming another and another portion from the wastes of dark and fallen humanity, and wherever they go are spreading a moral beauty around them. The Lord hath blessed their work, just as he will bless the efforts even of a less ambiguously secular philanthropy. But when all this has been conceded, I have still to point out that the claims of such institutions to be the Church of Jesus Christ are negatived by a comparison with the organization and condition of the Primitive Church, as described in the New Testament. Continuing his argument in the same strain, Mr. Stenhouse referred to the fate of Edward Irving and the Catholic Apostolic Church, as external evidence that if a church means to be popular, and to be a financial success, it must recede as far as possible from the forms of primitive Christianity. If it is Christian in form and fact, as well as in name, the world will have none of it. And this, brethren and sisters, is our own condition to-day. In this, as in spiritual gifts, we are one with the fathers and brethren of the Church of Jesus Christ of Former Day Saints. If other churches have given an easy victory to the infidel, they have themselves to blame. The true religion is ever in the van of human progress. It anticipates and welcomes the revelations of human science, and provides, without money and without price, an intelligible solution of every moral problem. Such, in fine, is the practical efficacy of the everlasting Gospel. Outside the word and letter of this Gospel, our only reasonable alternative is absolute negation. A Christianity of compromise—an illogical eclecticism which goes no further than to deny the continuance of those spiritual gifts that were a *sine qua non* of early Christian fellowship—will be the derision of an enlightened posterity.

VICTORIA DISTRICT.

TO THE EDITOR:—Last week's budget of news was unusually pithy and entertaining. The Colonist was in a quandary over the committee of public accounts report. Whilst reading I thought Rachel's lamentation, weeping for her children and would not be comforted, even after the three youths had promised to rectify as far as possible the mischief they had done by swallowing the leek, like Adam with the apple, pippin and all. The Colonist was more than hypnotized; it was paralyzed, and while in that state wrote an article, and what a miserable mush, and how edifying to the three supporters of the Government. First it tells them they had signed a report which they had not studied, and the meaning they did not understand and committed themselves to statements they did not consider true, therefore had incurred penalties they had not dreamed of. They had to purge themselves of their imbecility by eating the leek pippin and all. How does the above coincide with Mr. Duck's statement. He emphatically declared that he knew what he was doing and it was a correct report. Then the Colonist, in its chagrin, terms them dupes. Then it goes on scolding and whining—the umbrella lecture again—however did they forget themselves so.' Theo's reassuring of the case was—they had no idea of the base uses the English language could be put to. The three innocents had been reared in glass cases. The three supporters of the Government did not believe there is laxity in the executive department, and that the Government is not loose in the way it deals with the people's money. What simplicity. What kind of leadears were they addressing? Again, the Colonist don't see much to laugh at. No, it's no laughing matter, telling the truth in this case, it's a serious matter. The three supporters couldn't see between the lines, as it were. What was between the lines—how it may effect the Colonist pap, as it were; how it may damage the Government, as it were—how it may start the settlers drawing comparisons between the actions of the Government with one of their own kind and themselves, when their taxes are due. Why didn't the Colonist deal with the report and not with the reporters? Why didn't they prevent Roycraft's defalcations and not attempt to garble the truth? How was it that Roycraft, with a salary of $150 per month and all expenses paid when travelling, who was nearly $2000 in arrears, collected a certain sum on the 30th of June, and some time in July the Government advanced him $100 more. Was there any laxity, or is this a common state of affairs? Perhaps if Roycraft had remained at home it would never have been known. Who ought to bear the responsibility? Why, the poor taxpayer of course, the families who are the consumers. These are they who carry the burden of taxation $150 a month and a school teacher's salary into the bargain, and there is no laxity with the Government. The Colonist was afraid this would be a good nut to crack and a walnut at that. Well, we intend to string this nut up for the near future.

The mandate will soon be issued, and you will assume your rights again. Once in four years you will sit in judgment. Keep your own counsel and do not make hasty promises. Remember the ballot. FARMER.

AN ASYLUM SCANDAL.

Entire Staff of an Austrian Insane Asylum Arrested on Serious Charges.

VIENNA, May 4.—The entire staff of doctors, superintendents and wardens of the great government insane asylum at Pressburg has been placed under arrest in consequence of the disgraceful acts of cruelty and barbarity brought to light by the committee on investigation. The latter had been appointed by the Minister of the Interior in deference to the popular outcry concerning the surprisingly frequent deaths that took place in the establishment. The scandal attracts widespread attention in consequence of the high social rank and prominence of many of the victims.

The Countess of L——, a lady who, previous to her dementia, was well known as a great beauty in court and official circles here, and whose husband died a few months ago, was shown by the testimony of certain of the warders themselves to have been tied by her magnificent long hair to a window tree, and after having been stripped, to have been flogged and shamefully ill-treated by several of the male and female attendants.

Joseph Von Zolifal, a well known pianist, died two hours after being subjected to a flogging, in course of which three of his ribs were broken. It is indeed the outcry made by his widow which has forced the Government to act in the matter.

She insisted on the surrender of her husband's body by the asylum authorities, and caused it to be submitted to an autopsy which revealed the traces of terrible ill-treatment.

Chevalier Vonttowarth, whose brother recently fled to the United States with a considerable amount of government money which he had embezzled while occupying a high position in the ministry of the interior, was likewise done to death in a most shocking manner by the inhuman keepers. The revelations in connection with the affair have created a most painful sensation throughout the Empire, for the Pressburg asylum had always been regarded as a model establishment of its kind.

ANTI-LABOR DAY.

Aristocrats to Have a Monster Demonstration at Crystal Palace.

LONDON, May 6th.—Yesterday's great labor and radical demonstration will have a sort of aristocratic and conservative set-off next month. The Conservatives and Unionists are straining themselves every point in order to ensure an enormous demonstration on Coronation day (Saturday June 28th) at Crystal Palace. The executive committee having the matter in hand propose to hold such a meeting as has never been equalled. Balfour, W. H. Smith, Goschen and others high up in the two parties, have promised to speak.

A sweet bit—Sweet Caporal Cigarettes.

Suits to order, large range of patterns, $25. Gilmore & McCandless. *

Falks' Milwaukee Bock Beer on draught at the Jubilee Saloon. *

Baby carriages of latest styles just received by John Weiler, 51 to 55 Fort street. *

"Tales of Western Life."

By H. R. A. Pocock, is for sale by Gill & Co., on Broad street, at 25 cents.

There is no such stove polish as the "Nonesuch." Only 20 cents per bottle. Ask your grocer for it, or at Geo. Phillips', No. 152 Government street. *

Aspinall's Enamel for renovating and beautifying everything (150 colors). No house should be without it. 30 cts. per tin. - Adderley, 115 Government St. *

E. G. PRIOR & CO.
VICTORIA, B. C.

Gilpin and Buford Sulky Plows, Prairie Queen Breaking Plows
Essex Centre No. 30 Jointer Plows.

WHIPPLE WHEEL, ACME AND DISC HARROWS.

Hoosier Seed Drills, Pacific Seeders, Chatham Fanning Mills, Minneapolis Grain Cleaners.

Largest Assortment of Plows and Harrows
IN THE PROVINCE. sep15d&w

CAMPBELL & SIMPKINS
HAVE RECEIVED FIRST INVOICE OF
SPRING ★ GOODS
Latest Styles, Latest Fashion Plates 88 Government Street.

BUSINESS CHANGE.

I have this day disposed of the business of the Old Ship Inn to Mr. Felix Leslouis, for whom I solicit a continuance of the business so liberally bestowed upon me in the past.
C. B. McCLUSKEY.

In reference to the above I respectfully solicit a share of public patronage.
ap30-1w FELIX LELOUIS.

PHILHARMONIC HALL
Wednesday Evening, May 7th,
ANNIVERSARY
ENTERTAINMENT
Concert and Drama.
YOUNG MEN'S INSTITUTE No. 85.
PRICE OF ADMISSION 50 CENTS.
m1

IF YOU WANT

ANYTHING
IN SILVERWARE, TRY
DAVIDSON BROS.
55 YATES STREET.

MUNICIPAL

PERSONS WISHING TO obtain a copy of the Annual Report of His Worship the Mayor upon Corporation matters, for the the year 1889, can obtain same, without charge, upon application at the City Hall.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.
City Hall, May 5, 1890. my5

DRESSMAKING

THE LATEST STYLES IN DRESS done by Mrs. Willis, over the City House, Government street. Good work, perfect fit and prices moderate. First class help kept, and no apprentices to spoil work. ap24-1m

HAGYARD'S PECTORAL BALSAM
CURES COUGHS COLDS HOARSENESS ETC.

HAGYARDS YELLOW OIL
CURES RHEUMATISM

FREEMAN'S WORM POWDERS
Are pleasant to take. Contain their own Purgative. Is a safe, sure and effectual destroyer of worms in Children or Adults.

DELMONICO
RESTAURANT AND OYSTER PARLOR
103 Government St., Victoria, B.C.
E. ESCALET, Proprietor.

This establishment is first class in every respect. Every delicacy of the season served in the best style. The finest imported wines and liquors are kept at the Delmonico.

Private dining rooms for ladies. Open day and night. Polite and attentive waiters.

Private parties catered for in any part of the city on the shortest notice.

N. B.—Having engaged a celebrated eastern cook for the season, patrons of the Delmonico can feel assured that all orders placed in his charge will receive the greatest care and attention. ap8tf

VICTORIA THEATRE.
Tuesday Evening, May 6.
The AMATEUR OPERATIC SOCIETY will repeat the Comic Opera
ERMINIE,
For the benefit of
PROF. E. PFERDNER.
Full Chorus, Orchestra and Costumes
AS BEFORE.
Dress Circle and Parquette $1.00, Gallery 50 cents. Tickets can be had at Lombard & Co.'s, or from any of the ladies assisting in the Opera. my2,td

JOHN DOHERTY
GENERAL SCAVENGER.
YARDS AND CESSPOOLS CLEANED, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; E. C. Kellogg, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. aug23-1y

RALPH SALMON.

DECEASED, INTESTATE.

ANY PERSONS HAVING ANY claims against the above estate are requested to send the same at once to the undersigned as the estate will be distributed on the 15th day of May, 1890. All claims not sent in by that date will be barred.

JAMES C. PREVOST,
Administrator.
Dated, 24th April, 1890. ap24-td

NOTICE.

F. H. ROBSON, of KAMLOOPS.

IN LIQUIDATION.

ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS AGAINST the above estate are requested to send the same to the office of R. P. RITHET & CO., Wharf St., Victoria, duly sworn to before a Notary Public or Justice of the Peace, on or before 31st day of May, 1890.

R. P. RITHET,
ap12-td Assignee of the Estate.

LEGAL NOTICES.

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

Part of Subdivision Lot 5 and another part (2 acres) of section XXXII Esquimalt District.

A CERTIFICATE of INDEFEASIBLE TITLE to the above lands will be issued to George Thomson on the 10th day of July, 1890, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the undersigned in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in said lands or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.
Land Registry office,
Victoria, 10th April, 1890. ap10-3m

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

Lot 98 in the City of Victoria.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I shall register the above lot in the name of Robert Purvis McLenan and Edward John McFeely as owners, in fee, as tenants in common, in pursuance of an order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, made on the 29th day of March 1890, by the Hon. Mr. Justice Drake, unless cause be shown to the contrary in writing within three months from the date hereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.
Land Registry office
Victoria, 2nd April, 1890. apr2-3m

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

Lots 428, 881, 882, 883, 888, and 889 in the City of Victoria.

CERTIFICATES of Indefeasible Title to the above lots will be issued to Thomas Allsop on the 24th day of May, 1890, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the undersigned, in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in said lots, or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar General.
Land Registry Office, Victoria,
12th February, 1890. feb12-3m

LAND REGISTRY ACT.

Part of Section 20 Range VIII, Quamichan District.

A CERTIFICATE OF INDEFEASIBLE TITLE to a portion of the above mentioned section will be issued to Henry Fry, junior, on the 18th day of July, 1890, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the undersigned, in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in such portion of said section or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.
Land Registry office,
Victoria, 18th April 1890. [illegible]

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

SCOTCH HOUSE
31 Fort Street.
McLEAN & STEWART.
Our Spring Stock of Clothing is now complete.
HATS, CAPS AND STRAW GOODS IN THE LATEST STYLES.
White and Colored Cricketing Flannel Shirts.
—ALSO—
A FINE LINE OF ENGLISH GLADSTONE BAGS.
feb27 McLEAN & STEWART.

LOTS, LOTS!
For SALE.
Esquimalt Road and Cadboro Bay Road—Fort St. Extension.
Good Water. Excellent Drainage. No Dust.
Electric Light. Electric Tramway.

ESQUIMALT ROAD.—We have for disposal a number of most eligible building sites on this well known property, which is situated on the south side of the Esquimalt Road; a great advantage in the Summer season, owing to the absence of dust. The property being near the sheltered cove of West Bay enables residents to avail themselves of the pleasures pertaining to a seaside resort.

CADBORO BAY ROAD (FORT STREET EXTENSION) Adjoining the private property of B. W. Pearse, Esq., and commanding a magnificent view of Mount Baker, San Juan Island and the Straits of Fuca; having city water and being on the principal line of the Electric Tramway will enable residents to combine the advantages of country with city life and its conveniences. This exceptionally desirable property has been under cultivation for some years but is now laid down to grass. The soil is unsurpassed for garden purposes.

Terms, one-third cash, balance 6 and 12 mos., at 7 per cent.
Or -Ten (10) per cent. discount for cash.
Special inducements offered to purchasers engaging to build.
LOWENBERG, - HARRIS - & - CO.
jan15-6m

USE
NAPTHAZONE
THE
NEW DISINFECTANT
For sale by all Druggists at 15 cents per pound; two pounds for 25 cents.
LANGLEY & CO.
Wholesale agents for British Columbia.
ap19

LADIES—This cut represents our Summer Oxford Shoes, BLACK and COLORS

PRICES:

$1.50	$2.00	$2.75	$4.00	$5.50
1.75	2.25	3.00	4.50	6.00
	2.50	3.50	5.00	

Erskine's Boot and Shoe Emporium
132 GOVERNMENT STREET.
ap23

HOUSES, -- LOTS, -- ACRES,
FOR SALE.

Very choice piece of Building land—about one acre—near Douglas street, about 200 feet from tramway.

In South Saanich.—100 acres Farming and. Very choice land.

Mansion on Michigan Street.

Two-storey Dwelling, and 2 Cottages and lot, also lot adjoining, on Pembroke street.

Two-story Dwelling House and two lots, on King's road.

One building Lot on Hillside avenue.

Town lot 74 and Cottage, Esquimalt.

200 acres fine timber land in Esquimalt District.

100 acres do. do. do.

595 acres very choice Land in Esquimalt District, suitable for residential purposes, and within half-a-mile of the Esquimalt and Nanaimo R.R. station.

Three acres very choice garden land in Victoria District, within two miles from city post office.

Splendid corner Lot and Dwelling House on Douglas street.

In Lake District, 128 acres timber land.

In South Saanich District, 230 acres choice bottom land.

Also 100 acres farming land south of Prairie Tavern.

To lease,—90 feet on Fort street, for a long time, on easy terms. A great bargain.

All the above properties will be sold on easy terms.

For particulars apply to—
H. F. Heisterman & Co,
Land Agents, - - - - 8 Bastion Square.

Agents for the Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York.
" " Phœnix (Fire) Insurance Co.
" " Western Fire Assurance Co. al8

GOLDWIN SMITH ON DILKE.

SOME PROBLEMS OF GREATER BRITAIN REVIEWED.

The Political Sage of Toronto Criticizes Sir Charles Dilke's Views—The Great Trade Question and its Bearing Upon Canada's Destiny—Failure of the Tariff, Etc.

In the Forum for May Goldwin Smith discusses Sir Charles Dilke's book, "Problems of Greater Britain," under the heading of "Canada Through English Eyes," and to use a trite expression, it makes "mighty interesting reading." The points scored by Mr. Smith are not orthodox from the Tory point of view, and indeed it is not unlikely that some Liberals will demur to them. All persons, however, who take an interest in the destiny of Canada should acquaint themselves with the various phases of the Canadian situation as presented by leading minds.

Sir Charles Dilke's side of the shield is pleasing to the sight; but those who would walk with their eyes wide open should take a view of the side presented by Mr. Smith:

Speaking of commercial relations with the States, Mr. Smith quotes Sir Charles to this effect: "If there were no custom houses between Canada and the United States, the bulk of the Dominion trade—indeed, comparatively speaking, the whole of it—would be done by the Canadians with their continental neighbors." "This remark," comments Mr. Smith, "is let fall quite incidentally, yet if true, as true it unquestionably is, it surely forms a most important factor in the problem, and should not be thrown out of the way, but placed in the fore front of inquiry. It means no less than that Canadians by their present political relations are excluded from their natural market. To exclude people from their natural market is to condemn them to commercial atrophy, which, in fact, is the lot of Canada." Can the Canadians be expected to endure it? Would the British themselves endure it? Referring to changed commercial relations brought about by the Canadian Pacific railway Mr. Smith finds these "vague and unsubstantiated." The alleged fresh developments of commerce are not in Mr. Smith's opinion, capable of substantiation. Notwithstanding a hostile tariff there has been an increased volume of trade between Canada and the United States, while as to interprovincial trade, Mr. Langley, Attorney-General of Nova Scotia, is quoted to the following effect: "I take the solid ground that naturally there is no trade between Ontario and the maritime Provinces whatsoever. Without the aid or compulsion of tariffs, scarcely a single article produced in Ontario would ever seek or find a market in Nova Scotia or the other maritime Provinces; in like manner, unless under similar compulsion, not a product of the maritime Provinces would ever go to Ontario. Twenty years of political union and nine years of an inexorable protective policy designed to compel interprovincial trade, have been powerless to create any large trade between these two sections, and what it has created has been unnatural, unhealthy, and consequently profitless."

Passing on to the question of Canadian independence, Mr. Smith quotes Sir Charles as saying that if Canada "wants independence she ought to be ready to defend it." To this Mr. Smith rejoins, "How is she to afford the money for armaments sufficient to protect a frontier 3,000 miles long against a nation outnumbering her twelve fold, and vastly superior in a wealth which is now readily turned into a military force? Already the expenses of her Government, in proportion to her population and wealth, are excessive. Six millions in the aggregate have gone since confederation in pseudo-monarchial offices, the Governor-Generalship and Lieutenant-Governorship, which are a mere pageant. One hundred and fifty millions or thereabouts have been spent in political and military railways or other imperialist works. If to this is to be added a large military expenditure, bankruptcy will be the end. And against whom are Canadians thus to live armed to the teeth? Against a people which Sir Charles Dilke himself almost treats as part of Great Britain; against their own sons, brothers and cousins—for there are now a million of Canadians and half a million of their children south of the line.

Sir Charles sees that the Canadian Northwest does not fill up, but does not ask himself the reason why. The reason, says Mr. Smith, is that the Canadian North-west is out of the commercial pale of its continent, and that it is barred against continental immigration, the only sort of immigration really suited to that country. To encourage the settler in his struggle with the wilderness, a twenty-five per cent. duty was clapped on his farm implements in order to force him to buy in the markets of Eastern Canada; and as he still continued to buy in the market which was not only nearer but produced implements better suited to the country, he was further encouraged by the imposition of ten per cent. more."

Taking up manufacturers Mr. Smith tells us that they have not paid as Sir Charles will learn on inquiry. "Factitious stimulus has been followed by glut, short time, and combinations. The iron industry which Sir Charles Tupper hoped to create by laying protective duties on British iron, and which was to do so much for us, has come to nothing. The exportation to distant countries, such as China, is suspected to be a slaughter of surplus goods. If farm property has fallen in value, if other industries have not improved, and manufactures have not paid, where are we to look for this growth of wealth since the adoption of protection? There are manufactures in Canada on a sound basis which do not fear an open market. As to the result to the consumer, the head of our dry-goods trade said the other day that if Canadian manufactures were exposed to American competition, the capital invested in them would not be worth more than one-third of its nominal value; so that the interest on the rest was to be paid by the public."

Mr. Smith concludes as follows: "When a people are industrious, frugal and temperate as the Canadians are, and have a country full of natural resources as Canada, no fiscal policy can prevent them from doing pretty well. But the fruits of the protectionist policy in Canada afford no support to the belief that communities can be made rich by taxation."

How is This?

The supply agent of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company was in the city (Spokane Falls) last week. While here he stated that the Canadian Pacific would probably build down the Columbia river from Revelstoke to connect with the Spokane Falls & Northern at the Little Dalles.

He further stated that he would make his supply headquarters in this city, and that all Canadian Pacific supplies would be shipped from Spokane Falls.

He left on the east-bound Northern Pacific train this morning for Kootenay station, to make arrangements for the shipment of supplies from here to the scene of operations in the Kootenay country, by way of Bonner's Ferry.

The above item from a late issue of the Spokane Review, if true, may well excite surprise among those who labored against and defeated the efforts of the Spokane & Northern railway to get a charter into Kootenay Lake, thus by their loyal exertions, as they believed, maintaining intact the integrity of the Canadian boundary line. Especially might this feeling be a very keen one to those Canadian merchants who are prepared to furnish supplies required during the construction of the Columbia and Kootenay Railway. We know of Revelstoke merchants, their names appearing among the advertisers in the Star, who have accumulated large stocks with this object in view, thereby paying liberal amounts in freight to the C. P. R. Can any money be made by buying at Spokane Falls and paying tariff duties, rather than by patronizing Canadian merchants and bringing in goods at high freights from the east? If so it is a lesson those merchants will be quick to learn and use for their own benefit.—Kootenay Star.

KISSING NOT ALLOWED.

Millions of Japanese Girls Dying Without a Kiss.

Young Japanese girls are as nature made them, and very sweet they are, too, in their quaint dresses showing the plump chest and rounded arms. Pages could be written about their charms. What dear, dainty, little dolls they are! Such white teeth, rosy lips and ... smiles! Who shall describe them, and what next? A kiss, perhaps? Not over here. Oh, never. They never do. They don't know how, actually don't know how, and even peasant girls are closely guarded.

Fancy a young man in a cotton kimono and wooden clogs stealing a chance to walk with his best girl under the blooming cherry trees, explaining the constellations and quoting sentimental poetry; telling her that he "hung upon her eyelids," that "her voice was like a temple gong;" in fact, that he loved but her alone, and then making several formal bows at the door of her father's straw-thatched hut as they parted in the moonlight. Can any American lover stretch his imagination enough to believe in a sweetheart not kissing those pretty lips, paint and all, by a sort of "natural selection?"

'Tis a melancholy fact, but a Japanese has no such impulse. No lover courts his mistress with "sweetest, persuasive kisses." No mother kisses her baby as she cuddles it against her bosom.—Home Queen.

A SWIMMER'S PERIL.

Whistler Comes near Losing his Life at San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 4.—Captain Lean, of the steamer Caroline, engaged in carrying passengers to the man-of-war Charleston, as an additional attraction engaged George Whistler, the swimmer, to give aquatic exhibitions during each trip. On the first trip Whistler, in his Boynton rubber suit, sprang into the water from the vessel, blew up a raft with a torpedo, and otherwise disported himself in the waves for the benefit of the interested spectators. The Caroline soon reached the Charleston, and Whistler was lost to sight. When the Caroline returned to the dock, Captain Lean thought that Whistler had swam in and would meet him, but he didn't appear for four hours later.

When he jumped from the vessel a small hole was torn in his inflated rubber suit, which gradually caused it to fill with water, the weight or which began dragging him down. Retaining his presence of mind, Whistler inflated two rubber bags, which he carried as a precaution. They alone kept him afloat. Then he shouted and signalled to passing vessels, but none understanding the signals, no assistance was rendered him until he had drifted with the tide opposite Harbor View, and was rapidly going out to sea, when the schooner Euphea picked him up.

It is estimated that at least 5,000 visitors boarded the Charleston this afternoon, when seven steamers were required to accommodate all who wished to have an opportunity to visit the flagship before she departs for Valparaiso next Wednesday. The number who have visited the vessel during the eight days she was open for inspection will probably foot up over 45,000.

A novel way of raising money to build a church has been adopted by a congregation in an Iowa town. They borrowed $120,000 and gave life insurance on a number of the members, which is to be applied on the debt as fast as death ensues. An epidemic of smallpox or typhoid fever in that congregation would be money in the pockets of those who survived.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Old and experienced Cigarette smokers recommend Sweet Caporals.

Art Reception Fruit store, George Bigger, has removed to the healthy location, No. 111, Government street. Fruit, confectionery and cigars sold. Soda Water fount in connection. American candies a specialty.

F. G. RICHARDS, Jr.
Real Estate
— AND —
Financial Broker.

CITY PROPERTY a SPECIALTY

Some choice lots on very easy terms in the following parts of the city:
James Bay
Work Estate,
Spring Ridge,
Gorge Road,
Saanich Road,
Victoria East,
Fernwood Estate.

Interest and Rents COLLECTED.
— AND —
Returns made Promptly.

CONVEYANCING
In all its branches
Executed expeditiously and carefully.

Fire and Life Insurance at Current Rates.

Money to Loan
AT A LOW RATE OF INTEREST.

We do not DISPARAGE the business of our CONFRERES to build up a business,—but our dealings speaks for themselves.

51 Yates Street.

CHAS. HAYWARD,
FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER,
Broughton St., Victoria.

KELLER & BURRIS,
Manufacturers of
SEWER PIPES, TERRA COTTA,
Drain Tile, Flower Pots, Vases, and other Earthenware.
Corner Yates and Quadra Streets, Victoria, B. C.
del

MRS. McGREGOR,
MID-WIFE
Has Diploma from the University of Edinburgh.
— RESIDENCE: —
Corner Douglas and Cormorant Streets.
feb4cf

MRS. MACK,
LADIES' NURSE
After confinement.
Address, No. 80 Chatham Street.
aug9tf

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE undersigned up to Monday, 5th May, for the erection of a Residence, on a plot of ground facing Belcher street, near Moss street.
Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
JOHN TEAGUE, Architect.
ap22

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

SEPARATE TENDERS WILL BE Received by the undersigned up to Noon, May 7th, for the erection of a Three Story Business Premises to be situated facing the corner of Yates street and Commercial alley.
Lowest or any tender will not necessary be accepted.
JOHN TEAGUE, Architect.
ap22nd

MEDICAL.

THE CELEBRATED FRENCH CURE,
Warranted to cure **"APHRODITINE"** or money refunded.

BEFORE
AFTER

IS SOLD ON A POSITIVE GUARANTEE to cure any form of nervous disease, or disorder of the generative organs, whether arising from the excessive use of Stimulants, Tobacco or Opium, or through Indiscretion, etc., such as Loss of Brain Power Wakefulness, Bearing down Pains in the Back, Hysteria, Nervous Prostration, Leucorrhoea Dizziness, Weak Memory, Loss of Power, which if neglected often lead to premature old age and insanity. Price $1.00 a box, 6 boxes for $5.00. Sent by mail on receipt of price.
A WRITTEN GUARANTEE for every $5.00 order, to refund the money if a Permanent cure is not effected. Thousands of testimonials from old and young, of both sexes, permanently cured by APHRODITINE. Circular free. Address
THE APHRO MEDICINE CO.
WESTERN BRANCH,
Box 27. PORTLAND, OR.
SOLD BY E. C. KELLOGG, DRUGGIST,
Corner of Douglas and Yates streets,
nov25eodw-1y Sole Wholesale Agent Victoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

SNOWFLAKE
FLOUR
--::-- FOR FAMILY USE, --::--
IS THE BEST.
Ask your Grocer for it. Have no Other.
Manufactured by
ISOM LANNING & CO.,
ALBANY, OREGON.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
Store street, Victoria, B. C.
Millers of China and Japan Rice
RICE MEAL,
Rice Flour, Chit Rice, Etc.
jan7-1y

BRITISH COLUMBIA
LAND AND INVESTMENT
AGENCY
(Limited.)

THOMAS ALLSOP,
HENRY S. MASON, } DIRECTORS.
CUYLER A. HOLLAND.

HEAD OFFICE:
15 Sergeant's Inn, Fleet Street, London, Eng.

The business of ALLSOP & MASON has been merged in the above company and will be carried on by the Company as a general Land and Investment and Insurance Agency.

Money to Loan on Mortgage
AT LOW RATES.

TOWN LOTS AND FARMING LANDS
For Sale on Easy Terms.
jell&w

GERVAS F. WAKE & CO
REAL ESTATE AGENTS
52 LANGLEY STREET.

Property on Esquimalt road.
Lots on Fort, Collinson, Alfred and Henry streets.
Lots on Fernwood Estate and Stanley Avenue.
Lots on James Bay.
10 Acres, Cedar Hill road.
27 Acres, with House, etc., on Gordon Head road.
[illegible] with House, etc., on Gordon Head road.
House and Lot on Alfred street.
Residences on Cook, Fort and View streets.
Lots on Beacon Hill.
10 Acres, Burnside road.
290 Acres, Pender Island. Feb1

--: PRINTING :--
By Electric Motor Power.
JAS. A. COHEN,
38 FORT STREET,
Having made extensive additions to his printing office, is now prepared to execute all kinds of Book, Job, News and Poster Printing, inferior to none produced in Victoria, at low prices.
Come and See the Electric Motor.
ap17-1y

R. F. VERRINDER,
M.D., D.D.S., L.D.S.,
Dental and Oral Surgeon.
Implantation of natural teeth, and crown and bridge work a specialty.
NEW ENAMELLED PLATES FOR ARTIFICIAL TEETH.
Offices, 72 Government St., Victoria, B.C.
feb14

H. G. WATERSON,
JOB PRINTER
Office over R. Jamieson's Book Store,
GOVERNMENT STREET. ml17-6m

C. P. N. Co., Ld.
— FOR —
Alberni, Clayquot and Barclay Sound
Steamer
MAUDE
Will leave Spratt's wharf
TUESDAY, MAY 13th, AT 4 P. M.
For freight or passage, apply at office of the Company.
my3-td JNO. IRVING, Manager.

C. P. N. Co., Ld.
FOR SKEENA RIVER
AND WAY PORTS.
Steamer
MAUDE
Will leave Spratt's wharf
Tuesday, May 6th, at 4 p.m.
For freight or passage apply at office of the Company.
my3td JNO. IRVING, Manager.

STEAMBOATS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.
STEAMER
ISABEL
J. E. BUTLER, Master.
On and after November 19th, '89,
Until further notice.
The Steamer ISABEL will sail as follows:
CALLING AT WAY PORTS:
Leave Victoria for Nanaimo............Tuesday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox............Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Nanaimo............Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria............Saturday, 7 a.m.
For freight or passage apply on board. oc17

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,
(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE No. 11,
Taking effect March 23, 1890.

Vancouver Route.
Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 4 o'clock, a.m.
Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 14:30 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.
LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock; Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)
For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.
For Moresby Island Friday at 7 o'clock.
LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria, Monday at 14:30 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass Saturday.

Fraser River Route.
Steamers leave New Westminster for Hope and way landings every Wednesday. For Chilliwhack and way landings every Monday and Saturday at 7 o'clock during river navigation.

Northern Route.
S. S. Sardonyx will leave for Port Simpson and intermediate ports on the 1st and 15th of each month. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.
Steamer Maude leaves for Alberni Sound ports when sufficient inducements offer.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table without notification.
Steamers leave on Standard Time.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y
Dispatch a steamer
Every five days for San Francisco
Carrying Her Majesty's Mails,
FROM OUTER WHARF AT 11 A.M.
Umatilla - - - - - - - April 29th
R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

FOR PORT ANGELES
The fast and commodious steamer
EVANGEL
Carrying U. S. mails, leaves Port Townsend every
MONDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY,
At 9 o'clock (Mondays and Thursdays through to Neah Bay) calling at New Dungeness, Port Angeles, Crescent Bay, Pysht River, Twin River, Pysht, Clallam Bay and Neah Bay. Returning Tuesday through to Seattle, Saturday to Port Angeles and return.
THROUGH CONNECTIONS for Port Angeles made at Port Townsend with boats from Victoria on Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
nov18tf MORGAN & MANN, Owners.

THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY
CARRYING UNITED States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot Folsom street.
FOR HONOLULU
S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons)........Friday, May 23, 1890, 12 m.
For Honolulu, Auckland and Sydney, Without Change.
The Splendid New 3,000 ton Iron Steamer
ZEALANDIA........Saturday, May 31, 1890, 12 m.
Or immediately on arrival of the English mails.
☞ For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.
JOHN D. SPRECKELS & BROS.
nov28 General Agents.

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 12.
To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Thursday, May 1st, 1890.
☞ Trains run on Pacific Standard Time. ☜

GOING SOUTH. READ UP. No. 5 Passenger Saturdays only.	GOING SOUTH. READ UP. No. 3 Passenger Sat., Sun., Mon.	GOING SOUTH. READ UP. No. 1 Passenger Daily.	STATIONS.	GOING NORTH. READ DOWN. No. 6 Passenger Saturdays only.	GOING NORTH. READ DOWN. No. 4 Passenger Sat., Sun., Mon.	GOING NORTH. READ DOWN. No. 2 Passenger Daily.
	Ar. 8:20 P.M.	Ar. 12:24 P.M.	VICTORIA		De. 3:00 P.M.	De. 8:00 A.M.
	[illegible]	[illegible]	RUSSELL'S		[illegible]	[illegible]
	[illegible]	[illegible]	ESQUIMALT		[illegible]	[illegible]
	[illegible]	[illegible]	GOLDSTREAM		[illegible]	[illegible]
	[illegible]	[illegible]	SHAWNIGAN LAKE		[illegible]	[illegible]
	[illegible]	[illegible]	COBBLE HILL		[illegible]	[illegible]
	[illegible]	[illegible]	McPHERSON'S		[illegible]	[illegible]
	[illegible]	[illegible]	KOKSILAH		[illegible]	[illegible]
	[illegible]	[illegible]	DUNCAN'S		[illegible]	[illegible]
	[illegible]	[illegible]	SOMENOS		[illegible]	[illegible]
	[illegible]	[illegible]	CHEMAINUS		[illegible]	[illegible]
Ar. 7:20 P.M.	Ar. 4:56	[illegible]	NANAIMO	De. 10:15 P.M.	[illegible]	[illegible]
De. 7:15	De. 4:41	[illegible]	WELLINGTON	Ar. 10:30	Ar. [illegible]	Ar. [illegible]

ON SATURDAYS, SUNDAYS AND MONDAYS
Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a single fare, good for return not later than Monday evening.
Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for three days, including day of issue.
No Return Tickets issued for a single fare, where such fare is twenty-five cents.
Through rates between Victoria and Comox.
A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.
e314

RAILWAYS.

Tickets
ON SALE
— TO —
DENVER.
Omaha, Kansas City, Chicago,
ST PAUL, ST. LOUIS.
AND ALL POINTS
East, North AND South,
UNION PACIFIC
RAILWAY.

STEAMERS.

Tacoma-Victoria Route.

Leave Tacoma	†6:00 a.m.
Leave Seattle	10:45 a.m.
Leave Port Townsend	3:00 p.m.
Arrive Victoria	†6:30 p.m.
Leave Victoria	†6:00 a.m.
Leave Port Townsend	10:00 a.m.
Leave Seattle	2:10 p.m.
Arrive Tacoma	†4:15 p.m.

Tacoma-Seattle Route.
Leave Tacoma—†6:00 a.m.; †10:00 a.m.; †1:30 p.m.; †4:30 p.m.; *7:45 p.m.
Leave Seattle—*4 a.m.; †8:00 a.m.; †2:00 p.m.; *4:30 p.m.
Boats leaving Tacoma 12:30 p.m., and Seattle at 8:00 a.m. and 4:30 p.m. land at Des Moines.

Seattle-Olympia Route.

Leave Seattle	†1:00 a.m.	Leave Olympia	†12:30 a.m.
Leave Tacoma	7:00 a.m.	Lv. Steilacoom	2:30 p.m.
Lv. Steilacoom	8:30 a.m.	Leave Tacoma	4:30 p.m.
Ar. Olympia	†10:00 a.m.	Arrive Seattle	†6:45 p.m.

—†Daily except Sunday. ‡Sunday only. *Daily.

Whatcom, Semiahmoo and Blaine Route.
Stopping at all way landings.
Steamer leaves Seattle daily, except Saturday, for Whatcom at 11 p.m. Arrives at Whatcom daily, except Sunday, at 5 p.m.
Leaves Whatcom for Seattle daily, except Saturday, 8 p.m. Arrives at Seattle daily except Sunday, 3 p.m.
Steamers from Semiahmoo and Blaine leave Whatcom every Saturday at 5 p.m. Returning, leave Blaine every Sunday at 10 a.m. for Whatcom and Seattle.

RAIL LINE.
"The Overland Flyer" leaves Portland at 8 p.m. daily, and carries through Pullman Sleepers, Colonist Sleepers, Free Chair Cars and Coaches between Portland and Denver, Omaha, Kansas City, St. Louis, St. Paul or Chicago.
"The Limited Fast Mail" leaves Portland at 7 a.m. daily, and carries Pullman Dining and Sleeping Cars between Portland and Chicago.
GEO. A. COOPER,
Freight and Passenger Agent,
No. 100 Government street, Victoria.

FROM TERMINAL OR INTERIOR POINTS
— THE —
Northern Pacific
RAILROAD
Is the line to take
TO ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.
It is the Dining Car Route.
It runs Through Vestibuled Trains
Every day in the year to St. Paul and Chicago (no change of cars) composed of
DINING CARS, unsurpassed,
PULLMAN DRAWING ROOM SLEEPERS, of latest equipment,
TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, best that can be constructed, and in which accommodations are Free to holders of First or Second-class Tickets, and
— ELEGANT DAY COACHES. —
A Continuous Line connecting with all lines affording direct and uninterrupted service.
Pullman Sleeper reservation can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.
THROUGH TICKETS
To and from all points in America, England and Europe, can be purchased at any ticket office of this Company.
Full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent, or
A. D. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent,
121 First St, cor Washington, Portland, Or.
G. G. CHANDLER,
General Agent,
Headquarters Building, Tacoma, Wash.
E. E. BLACKWOOD,
Freight and Passenger Agent,
jan1 Victoria B. C.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY
The only Transcontinental Line
— RUNNING —
SOLID TRAINS
FROM PACIFIC TO ATLANTIC COAST
— CONSISTING OF —
Palace, Sleeping and Parlor Cars, Elegant Day Coaches, Luxurious Dining Cars, Commodious Colonist Sleepers—the latter free.
THROUGH :-: TICKETS
To St. Paul, Chicago, Detroit, Toronto, Montreal, Quebec, Halifax, St. John, New York, Boston, Portland, and all points in the United States and Canada, can be purchased at less rate than via any other line.
Passengers booked
To and from all European Points
For rates, maps and particulars, call on or address
A. CAMERON,
Frt. and Pass. Agent,
Government street, Victoria, B. C.
D. E. BROWN,
Asst. Gen. Frt. and Pass. Agent,
Vancouver. mh16

QUICK TIME!!!
TO SAN FRANCISCO
— AND —
ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,
Via the Mt. Shasta Route of the
Southern Pacific Company
The Great Highway through California, to all points East and South.
Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast
PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.
Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars
Attached to Express Trains, affording superior accommodations for second-class Passengers.
For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservations, etc., call upon or address
[illegible]
[illegible]
E. P. ROGERS,
Asst. Gen. Frt. & Pass. Agt.

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the
Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited,
At No. 37 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION:

Delivered by carrier in any part of the city, per week .... 25 cts.
By mail to any part of the world, per year $10.00

THE WEEKLY TIMES

Is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States, or Great Britain for $2.00 per annum, paid in advance.

DAILY ADVERTISING RATES:

MERCANTILE AND GENERAL BUSINESS ADVERTISEMENTS, inserted for a definite period of time will be charged for at the following rates:

One week	15 cts per line
Two weeks	25 " "
One month	30 " "
Three months	65 " "
Six months	$1 50 " "
One year	2 75 " "

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., four lines or under, 25 cents for each insertion, and pro rata for more space or longer time.

A "line" is a nonpareil line, similar to this type, twelve of which occupy one inch of space.

NOTICES of Births, $1.00; Marriages, $1.50; Deaths, $1.50; Deaths with funeral announcements, $2.00.

SPECIAL NOTICES, set in brevier (the type used for general reading) and placed in reading columns, 25 cents a line for first insertion, and 12½ cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12½ cents for first insertion, and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Theatrical notices, legal advertisements, political announcements, and all advertisements of a special class, and not included in the above, 10 cents a line first insertion, and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.

The above rates refer to any page except the first, which is reserved for reading matter and undisplayed advertisements.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.

Address THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,
WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager.

THE SENTINEL AS A CENSOR.

The Inland Sentinel, notwithstanding having been gored by the News and the Columbian for its position on the Constitution Act, and discredited by one of its own townsmen in a letter to the News on the same subject, sets itself up as the censor of the TIMES in relation to some remarks that were passed in reference to the mental and moral calibre of the Government. When one remembers the character of some of the measures introduced by the Government this last Session, and judge them by the ordinary standard of morality and justice, it cannot be denied that the estimate adduced by the TIMES, though severe, was just. There is but one way to deal with men who will introduce measures to the House which cannot be justified in equity, and that is to tell the truth about them. The Government has plenty of time to consider its measures, to ascertain whether they are just, equitable and conducive to public interests. Nevertheless, had the measures of the Government been adopted as they were submitted, we should have had a nice condition of affairs. Take section nine of the Railway Act, for instance, which the TIMES and the News fought from start to finish. The fact that the Government should have submitted such an abominable clause for ratification is in itself a confession of moral obliquity. The Constitution Act itself is another eloquent reminder of dubious justice, and on the whole, if we saw fit to bring up other various measures of the Government, which even their own supporters could not swallow, we should have an arraignment of foxyness, of disingenuousness, and of moral obliquity difficult to parallel. Guttersnipe politicians must be treated as gutter snipes. Men who would have the commendation of the press must first earn it. In speaking of a buzzard we cannot designate him as a humming bird. As evidence of the Government being no less than what the TIMES represents it to be neither the Premier nor the Attorney-General dare stand in the coming elections for their old constituencies.

PLUTOCRACY AND DEMOCRACY.

Resolved down to its constituent features, the Bismarckian idea of Government is Government by and for BISMARCK. He indeed veils his philosophy behind the plausible pretext that only the wise should govern, assuming that manhood suffrage means Government by the least intelligent. This is an extraordinary position for a statesman to take in these days. We could expect no less in a mere king, educated in the atmosphere of divine right and neither possessing the inclination nor the ability to master the philosophy of Government. But BISMARCK has necessarily made Government a study. He must have pondered deeply over the question, and that he should practically have no faith in any but autocratic Government is one of those things which can only be explained on the hypothesis that he is unable to rid himself of the instinct of feudalism. There is no denying that democracy has its drawbacks. There is no denying that a popular fad may, under democracy, carry the day. But is it any worse for the people to have their fads than for arch chancellors? Shall it be supposed that autocrats alone are exempt from such things; that in every instance they are governed by pure reason? Such an assumption is absurd, and so if government is in any sense the offspring of fad let it be national instead of individual. But the fact of the matter is, democracy, as [illegible] it, unless reforms are introduced, is doomed to extinction. Men will not be content to abide by a system which my be prostituted to the basest uses, as has been democracy of recent years. They will not demand that the profits of the capable shall be shared with the incapable, but they will insist that they shall not be made the tools of their own misfortunes; that a condition shall be imposed which shall make the acquisition of colossal fortunes impossible; that enterprises instead of being managed in the interest of a few shall be so conducted as to conserve a maximum of good at a minimum of profit. There is no sense in a man like ROCKFELLER being the possessor of over $100,000,000. It goes without saying that somebody suffered from the effect of the conditions which made this enormous fortune possible. It may be all right that conditions should exist which enable men to pile up such enormous wealth but the moral sense rejects the idea as highly improbable. There seems to be a point in the accumulation of wealth beyond which men cannot proceed without moral impropriety. The question of the kind of government which ultimately will be adopted is an interesting theme for speculation, but whether it be an autocracy, a plutocracy, or what not, it is evident that the world has made up its mind that a government by the people for the benefit of trusts and combines, has got to come to an end. If men will abuse the privileges of democracy through superior advantages, and perhaps through superior shrewdness, then must obstructions be thrown in their way. Plunder in the guise of business enterprise is no better than highway robbery. The conditions which permit such things cannot endure, should not in fact be permitted to endure.

WE KILL OURSELVES TO FEED OURSELVES.

"We kill ourselves to feed ourselves," was one of the mottoes of the recent labor demonstration in London, and as an instance of condensed pathos it would be difficult to supply a parallel. It is a strange commentary on modern civilization, which professedly recognizes man's obligations to man, that so large a proportion of mankind, through no fault of their own, should be forced to expend their whole energies to insure mere existence. Yet such is the case as a large proportion of the "toiling millions" can testify. The number of men whose lives have been that of machines, despite honest, intelligent and conscientious endeavor, is simply a legion, and there seems no help for it. With good health and average luck much pleasure may be extracted from life, but on the whole, to use the elegant diction of the philosophic Mr. MANTALINI, life is one "demnition grind." Nor is the bloated "bond-holder" much better off as distinguished from the man who toils for an existence. The fact that he is independent of his environment in no sense relieves him of the necessity of toil. Having acquired his thousands he must needs bestir himself else they may take wings and fly away. No comparison, however, can be instituted between the two classes of workers. The capitalist has a margin to go on. He may relax and not feel that he is jeapordizing his very existence. The fearful thought does not occur to him that he has only his hands between him and his bread and butter. His toil if it extends beyond the proper knowledge of the condition of his affairs is simply that of a man whose tastes are sordid or else is in response to vanity. So far as happiness is concerned it is doubtful if civilization has conferred advantages one whit superior to those enjoyed by the primal gentlemen who lived by the chase and who dressed in skins. "Where ignorance is bliss 'twere folly to be wise," and why should we, so profoundly aware of this truth, seek intellectual emancipation only to be unable to enjoy it? What more exasperating than the taste of LUCULLUS with the revenge of a carter? We learn men to read and write, we indoctrinate the idea of higher and nobler things, we so broaden the intellectual vision as to enable the birth of the ideal; we open the way to all these things, and yet in the nature of our social and political conditions none of these are attainable except by men possessed of pre-eminently mental, moral and physical attainments coupled with indefatigible industry. Education has done much to ameliorate the sterner features of life incident to unequal capacities, and unquestionably it will contribute still further to human happiness, but unless economic changes are made to correspond, that is to say, unless arrangements are effected whereby the fruits of industry are commensurate with the energy employed, the sense of tantalization becomes unbearable, and it is inevitable that the cry should go up, let us do away with institutions wherein practice bears no relation to precept. This is essentially the cry which is now being heard throughout civilization. Men are demanding the right to live as they have been taught. They cannot endure the thought of having been dragged out of the ditch only to be kicked back into it. The solution of the great question which now confronts the civilized world does not lay in the adoption of any special form of government. Men honest with each other, one form of government is as good as another. When men learn to feel that no ambition is laudable that can be attained only at the expense of the happiness of their fellows, then will labor agitations cease, and we shall no longer hear the pathetic cry, "We kill ourselves to feed ourselves!"

A DIVORCE CASE.

The utter bigotry of a portion of the Dominion House of Commons was never better illustrated than in its refusal to confirm the action of the Senate in the matter of a recent application for divorce. The history of the circumstances leading up to the divorce is briefly this. A young lady contracted a hasty and ill-advised marriage while she was still a minor. Her father was dead and her mother opposed the match. The young lady moreover was deceived as to the nature of the contract she was making and it was further shown that she had never lived with her husband. They separated at the church door and never met afterward. Both seemingly had repented of the hasty bargain before the minister had completed the ceremony. The case was submitted to the Senate and that august body promptly concluded that it would be barbarous to deny the unfortunate pair legal separation. All legislation of this character, however, must have the concurrence of both Houses. Parliament refused its assent, and so it comes about that were no other means of relief available, the young lady would be condemned to life long celibicy. It appears that the divorce was opposed by the Roman Catholic members of the House. Inasmuch as adultery had not been set up as ground for relief, they refused their assent. The London Daily Free Press, commenting on the case, finds that divorce is an admitted right in Canada, that the laws sanction it, and that the people in general commend it. It further points out that while divorce is an admitted right under the constitution, the Roman Catholics oppose it on principles quite apart from the merits of the case. The Free Press is of the opinion that the time has arrived when divorce cases should be "put in the hands of the judiciary, and removed from the political arena at Ottawa.

The greatest runner in civilization today is Sidney Thomas, the young English amateur champion. His claim was to run at the rate of ten miles an hour, but at the Manhattan club grounds in New York, on a heavy track, he covered fifteen miles in 2 minutes, 48 2-5 seconds less than an hour and a half. "He ran like a ghost," it was well said. So far as known, only the Indian couriers of South America and in India have equaled this feat.

That was a very important decision which Judge Anderson, of the United States court, rendered in case of an alien Mormon who desired citizenship. A man who passes through the secret ceremonies of the Endowment House of the Mormon church is not a fit subject for an American citizen, says Judge Anderson. Further, the teachings of the Mormon church are antagonistic to the United States government, the judge declares. They are also subversive of good morals and the well being of society. Therefore a foreign born Mormon cannot become a United States citizen.

The late Samuel Wilkeson, secretary of the Northern Pacific Railway company, was a good example of the young old man. He was 52 years old when chosen secretary of the Northern Pacific, and held the office for twenty years, besides doing much newspaper and other work. In October, at the age of 72, he retired from his secretaryship. It was notable that as soon as he left off active employment his health immediately declined, although there were few of the marks of age in his appearance. It has often been noted that old men who suddenly give up business and retire age rapidly and die quickly.

Bismarck's Punch and Judy Show.

Bismarck sat on his throne at Berlin and pulled the strings of his puppets all over Europe. He gave a little pull and the czar came to Germany and kissed Emperor Billy. Another twitch and Emperor Billy went capering about Europe like a jumping jack. He visited the sultan, kissed his brother of Austria on both cheeks, and gave to his brother of Italy and his grandma of England assurances of his distinguished consideration, besides kissing them. Bismarck rubbed his hands in glee. "All goes well," he whispered to himself, "and all goes my way."

Austria had agreed to grant independence to the little province of Trentino in the Tyrol. Austria also agreed not to smile on Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria, whom Bismarck will not recognize under any consideration. "Strong is the triple alliance between Austria, Italy and Germany," said Bismarck, "and Germany is the triple alliance." Then Bismarck pulls the string and Emperor Billy comes home obedient.

But lo! all at once Austria wriggles out of her agreement, and Russia decides that she never did like Austria much anyhow. Italy is enraged because Trentino, which she was preparing to annex to herself, has slipped out of her fingers. The plating on the triple plated alliance is not wearing worth a cent. All that kissing went for nothing.

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A List in part of Dress Materials we carry, giving widths and prices.

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PRINTS.....7, 8, 9, 10, 11 yd for	$1 00
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CHAMBRAYS, Plain...4 yd for	1 00
CHAMBRAYS, Bordered Robes (10 yds)..................each	3 75
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Single width WOOLLENS, ₩ yd from........................	16
44 in. CASHMERE, Newest Shades	50
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42 " SERGE Splendid Range and Shades........................	50 to 80
40 in. BROCADED CASHMERE or JACKARD, Light Shades...	90
40 in. FANCY STRIPE and CHECK 8 Different Shades...	60
42 in. PLAIDS and STRIPES...	65
40 " SATIN HENRIETTAS, 10 Shades, (Ask to see these).....	85

PATTERN DRESSES.

30 to 30 PATTERN DRESSES of different shades. These are deserving of special notice; they are of German manufacture and are excellent value at 12 00 to 16.00

A line of EMBROIDERED ROBES in 10 different shades, very fine splendid value at... 15 00

WHITE AND CREAMS.

42 in. ETNA SERGE............	55
40 " OATMEAL CLOTH.......	70
46 " CASHMERE or HENRIETA CLOTH........................	85
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44-46 ALL WOOL CASHMERE. .... ₩ yd, 55, 75, 90,	1 15
38 in SILK WARP HENRIETTAS (excellent qualities)............	1 30
38 in. BLACK ALPACA........	45
42 " BLACK ALPACA.........	65
Single width ALPACA..........	25 to 30
38-40 in. SATIN STRIPE GRENADINE........................	90
44 in. PLAID CRAPE CLOTH..	95
28 " Single width CRAPE... CLOTHS........................	60
30 in Single width CRAPE.... CLOTH........................	65
40 in BLACK AMAZON.........	70
42 " PRETTY POLL, all wool...	65
40 " STRIPE CASHMERE, all wool........................	80
44 in STRIPE CASHMERE cotton warp........................	55
Single width BLACK WOOLLENS	16 to 35

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CASH DRY GOODS
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UPPER BELCHER STREET, near the residences of Mr. Dumbleton and Major Peters---lots from one and a half to three acres. A magnificent view of the Straits, Islands and Olympian Range.

BEACON HILL PARK. A few choice lots at a low figure and on easy terms.

H. E. CROASDAILE, - 42 FORT STREET.

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NEW GOODS JUST ARRIVED.

The cheapest and best place in the city for
SUITS, OVERCOATS, PANTS, Etc.
—IS AT—
H. A. POTTS & CO.
CALL AND BE CONVINCED.
Douglas Street, opposite the Clarence Hotel.
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Real Estate, Mining Stock and Share Brokers,
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Orders by mail receive prompt attention, and we take pleasure in answering all inquiries, and furnishing full information, plans and prices.
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PICKET -:- WIRE -:- FENCING,
At from $1 to $2 per rod (16½ ft.) 4 feet high.

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MARCHANT, FUTCHER & CO.,
Japanese Merchants and General Importers
41 FORT STREET, VICTORIA,

Have received by the S.S. "Parthia" a select parcel of goods suitable for the spring and summer. Screens for fire-places, etc.; Paper Lanterns, Paper Napkins, Bronze Goods, more Silk Handkerchiefs, Morning and Tea Gowns, etc., etc.

All kinds of Japan tea, both black and green.

IMPORTANT—Special Notice.

Having bought the business of Messrs. C. Gabriel & Co., "The Japanese Bazaar," 45 Government street, the fine and varied stock of Porcelain, Bronzes, Screens, Silk [illegible], [illegible], Gloves, Corsets, Jewelery, Wool, etc., etc., will at once be removed to 41 FORT STREET, and marked at greatly reduced prices.

REAL BARGAINS.

Our great success during the short time our store has been open, conclusively proves the need of a Japanese store where all kinds of goods can be had at a reasonable price.

We are open to supply all Japanese manufactures and produce at [illegible] prices, quality guaranteed. Special consignments arranged, to any amount.

MARCHANT, FUTCHER & CO.
41 Fort Street Victoria.

DO YOU WISH TO SPECULATE?

We make a special offer of a limited number of

HALF-ACRE LOTS IN PORT ANGELES

Suitable for subdivision, at terms to suit purchasers.

Old Bank of British Columbia Building.

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No. 82 Government Street, Victoria.

A GLIMPSE OF WYOMING.

THE STORY OF JIM BRIDGER AND THE FORT HE ESTABLISHED.

A Description of the Bad Lands and Some of Their Curious Fossil Remains and Archæological Treasures—Looks Like Some Ruined City of the Gods.

Many years ago—way back in the forties, in fact—old Gen. Ashley, accompanied by the well known trapper and mountaineer, Jim Bridger, turned west from the Sheetskadee, or Green river. After following one of its numerous tributaries, called Henry's Fork, for the distance of about thirty miles, they changed their course and proceeded due north, to find themselves one day upon the ridge of steep bluffs overlooking the valleys of Smith's and Black's Forks, and upon the latter stream they decided to establish a trading post. Gen. Ashley was supposed to have been at that time in the employ of the American Fur company, and for some reason or other soon retraced his steps eastward, leaving Jim Bridger in possession of the valley that now bears his name.

Jim, with a spirit of pardonable pride, called his camp "Fort Bridger." He married a wife, built a hut of woven willows and logs, after the fashion of his Indian neighbors, and for several years carried on a most successful traffic with the Indians and the emigrants, chiefly Mormons, who began to settle in the vicinity.

Among the guides and trappers who, during the years following its establishment, made Fort Bridger their headquarters, were two Frenchmen, named Gosha (presumably a contraction of Gautier) and Mariano, known by their comrades as the "toad eatin' parley voos." They were perhaps the first to discover certain very minute weapons and crude tools of stone and iron upon the plateau of Smith's Fork, and interpreted to travelers the following fantastic Indian legend concerning their origin and utility. A race of pygmies had formerly inhabited the valley and heights, and waged eternal war upon the eagles. They fashioned and stored away in numerous mountain caves and crevasses the tiniest arrow heads and spears, and fought valiantly for their existence. But in the end the eagles were victorious, and devoured their lilliputian adversaries with pitiless voracity. Then in after years the rains washed down the weapons, and the Indians made use of them for petty traffic and various games.

Since 1868 the tertiary beds in the vicinity of Bridger have proved of primary importance to geologists and paleontologists in all parts of the world, and Professor Geikie, of Edinburgh, in the interesting sketch he published of his journey through the United States, speaks of the intense eagerness with which he had always looked forward to visiting the "most wonderful fossil beds of the world—the cretaceous and tertiary deposits of northwestern America." The yield of fossil specimens, in fact, has equaled that of the famous terres mauvaises of Dakota, and extensive research by Professor Hayden, Professor Marsh, Dr. Leidy and other noted scientists have brought to light an especial fauna, the former existence of which was unknown.

Among the earlier and more unimportant fossils discovered in the Green river and Bridger basins were flies, fishes, insects and shells—especially the long, gracefully shaped oyster shells, so abundant in central and northern Europe, known as "Ladies' Fingers." A most remarkable specimen was the feather of a bird which Professor Marsh regarded as unique and of great value. Many species of turtle were discovered, the vertebræ of crocodiles, and, in the intervening years, the cranial bones of a mammoth extinct animal to which Professor Marsh gave the generic appellation of Dinocerata, and which Dr. Leidy, on the other hand, designated as the Uintatherium. Some impression of the size of the specimens may be gained when it is stated that the finely preserved tusks are twenty inches long and the jaw bones, showing the perfectly enameled teeth and deep fangs, measure over a foot in length.

To Dr. J. Van A. Carter, residing at Fort Bridger, and Dr. Corson, of the army, is due the credit of having discovered many of the finest fossil specimens to be seen in the paleontological collections of the Smithsonian Institution and the Academy of Science, of New York, and to the remains of a small animal similar to the European hedgehog, forwarded by Dr. Carter to Dr. Leidy, was given the name of Omomys Carteri, in honor of its discoverer. The "moss agate" beds are especially numerous around Bridger, and occasionally stones of great beauty, which would take an extraordinary polish, were sold for $50 and $75. Bits of amber, resembling the murky gems found on the coast of Palestine, are now and then picked up, and a few beautiful specimens of opals have been found among the Uintah mountains.

In appearance, the "bad lands" of Bridger basin more nearly resemble the ruins of the Nile, near the confines of the desert, than any other natural formation or artificial constructions visited by the tourist of the present day. Though deficient in great historic interest, the indescribable grandeur and picturesqueness of the locality, apart from the curiosity excited by scientific research, make exploration in the "bad lands" a delight to all artists and lovers of beauty in its most savage form.

Professor Denton's brief but graphic description cannot be improved upon, so I give it here:

"Looking from the summit of a high ridge on the east, a tract of country containing 500 or 600 square miles is distinctly visible. Over the whole surface is rock, bare rocks cut into ravines, canyons, gorges and valleys, in magnificent relief, terrace on terrace, pyramid above pyramid, rising to mountain heights, amphitheatres that would hold a million spectators, walls, pillars, towers, castles everywhere. It looks like some ruined city of the gods, blasted, bare, desolate, but grand 'beyond a mortal's telling.'"—Fort Bridget (Wyo.) Cor. Omaha World-Herald.

FOREIGN GOSSIP.

—A plague of monkeys occasionally afflicts Tanjore, in Southern India, and a reward is paid for their destruction.

—Saltaire (England) laborers' homes have stone floors, covered with costly rugs, a piano and fancy furniture and fine paintings.

—Extensive forest fires have recently been raging in Spain. Although the country has fewer trees than any other in Europe, the government does nothing to restore burned forests by planting young trees.

—The King of Denmark has just completed a restoration of the Castle of Rosenborg at Copenhagen, where the crown jewels, pictures, state papers and many objects of art are deposited.

—Monaco, to which only consuls are accredited, has a bigger diplomatic corps than the rest of Europe, and its diplomats display a profusion of gold lace and titles purely for the honor of serving the principality gratis.

—A great scandal exists at Bologna in regard to its staple, sausages, which have lately been fraudulently made of diseased horse meat, mixed with pork. Foreign importers refused to take the stuff, and the city's brand in this specialty now stands below par.

—A slaughter of swallows has been organized on a large scale along the southern seaboard of France. The birds alight on wires provided for the purpose, tired out after long flights to or from Italy and the East, and are killed in thousands by means of electric currents. The slaughtered birds are used for the decoration of hats or bonnets.

—The acreage under hops in England gradually diminishes. It appears from a return just issued by the Agricultural Department that the area under cultivation in 1887 was 63,700 acres, last year 58,490 acres, and this year 57,750 acres. "There is an increase in Herefordshire and Worcestershire—where the crop was very fine—but in Kent there is a decrease of no less than 5,000 acres as compared with two years ago."

—According to recent information, cannibalism is very prevalent in some places in West Africa near to the British settlement, if not actually in the protectorate itself, and so serious and frequent has become the kidnapping of individuals who have gone out alone that in some parts persons dare not venture beyond their own town for fear of capture. Several cases are reported to have taken place on the broad road from Benloomah to Dodo and Kibbim. Six persons were reported to have been killed and eaten.

—Berlin takes the lead in fast mail service. Wagons have just been put in use for the collection of the city mail, which are provided with sorting tables and stamping arrangements, and while the wagons are driven about the officials are busy stamping and bunching the mail, so that it can be put right on the trains. In this way one or two hours are saved. Letter boxes are also attached to the sides of the wagons for the accommodation of the people who always wait until the last minute.

—One of the strangest things in India is the multitude of deserted capitals. There are three old Delhis, three successive capitals of the East, all close to each other, all south of the present city. One of the three is Tughlukabad, a marvelous city on a hill, roofless and absolutely deserted, but solid and gigantic. The second is Ferozebad, with a handful of inhabitants. The third is the old Delhi of Kutub, who was born a Turkish slave and died Emperor of India. His name still survives in the finest tower in the world and the oldest mosque in India.

Thought it Was Twins.

There was a large delegation of Episcopalian clergymen aboard the City of Paris, who were returning from a visit to Jerusalem, and the joke they played upon a young Englishman was the subject of great mirth. An Englishman from Manchester was sent over by his employers to represent them in this country. In the exuberance of his feelings he communicated to his fellow passengers before he was a day out the fact that he would be a father by the time he reached the other side.

He was to receive a cable at quarantine, which, in the event of a girl being born, would read simply, "Mary," and in case it was a boy it would be "James." The clergyman found a blank cable dispatch, and wrote upon it the word "James," and when the pilot came alongside, off Sandy Hook, they instructed a cabin boy to hand the dispatch to the gentleman, and to say it was a cable for him, brought down by the pilot boat. The Englishman received this bogus dispatch at the same time with another genuine cable, which read, "Mary." "By Jove, twins!" he exclaimed.—Chicago Herald.

Sweet Caporals the smoker's delight.

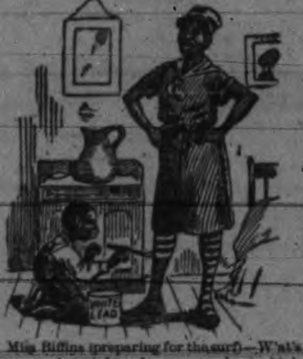
How She Received His Proposal.

There is in Washington a young typewriter whose good looks and charming manners justify the sentiments which her employer feels toward her. He is in the habit of dictating his correspondence, while her expert fingers transfix the words as he utters them. The other morning he concluded to end the uncertainty which had come into existence by asking her to marry him. She was engaged on some copying when he approached her and poured out his sentiments, and notwithstanding the warmth of his pleadings kept right ahead with the clickety, click click of the instrument. In fact, she paid so little attention to him that he became discouraged and left the room, intending to speak to her when her mind was free from her duties.

He went to his lunch, and on his return sat down to sign a lot of letters that lay on his desk. There was a large pile, and he went through it mechanically until he struck a sheet near the bottom. Jumping to his feet, he simply exclaimed: "Well, I'll be blowed!" The cold, glaring typewritten letter read:

"Miss Susie—Maybe you'll think I'm an old jackass, but I ain't. I mean business. I know I don't happen to be very pretty, but I'd be good to a family. I was thinking that maybe you'd learn to like me if you'd go to church with me—and give the minister a few minutes' employment. And this ain't to save any salary either. It's because I want you for your ——. Say, you ain't listening, are you? Well, I'll come in later when you ain't so busy."—Washington Capital.

Economizing.



Miss Biffins (preparing for the surf)—W'at's de use ob goin' to de expense ob stockin's w'en yo' bruder hab such artistic erbility as dat?—Life.

A Wonderful Medicine

Doctor (to patient)—I have exhausted every other resource, my dear sir, and with your permission I will now give you a hypodermic injection of Dr. Brown-Sequard's elixir.

Patient (Kansas City man)—Have you ever tried it on anybody?

"Yes, I have used it with excellent results on several persons. I remember one in particular—a gentleman from St. Louis—upon whom I attended a few days ago, and"——

"Did the elixir help him?"

"Made a new man of him, sir."

"Actially put life into a St. Louis man! Go ahead, doctor, go ahead!"—Chicago Tribune.

A Neat Answer.

Penelope Peachblow—How do you do, Mrs. Plantaganet?

Mrs. Plantaganet—You must excuse me, but I do not think we have ever met.

Penelope Peachblow—Yes; last week at Mrs. Westerley's.

Mrs. Plantaganet (with increasing coolness)—You have the advantage of me.

Penelope Peachblow—I think I have, Mrs. Plantaganet, in eyesight, memory and manners. Good afternoon.—Life.

Social Etiquette.

The following is a conversation between little 5-year-old Willie and his mother after having dined at a friend's the day before:

"Mamma, when Mrs. Baker asked us to take dinner with her papa walked right in."

"Why, yes, my dear; why should he not? What would you do?"

"Oh, I would say: 'No, thank you, Mrs. Baker, we had our dinner at home,' and then let her suade (persuade) us."—New York World.

Wasted Sentiment.

Mr. Browningbeans (of Boston)—My dear, did you not receive that copy of "Rossetti" which I sent to you by mail with the marked sonnet—

Two separate silences
Which brought together would find loving voice

Miss Porker (of Chicago)—Why, laws, yes; I did get a book, but as it came as third class matter I didn't think it could be much account anyway!—Time.

How They Grow.

Merchant—Can you bring me a few bushels of green peas this morning?

Dakota Gardener—Not this mornin'. My peas war' just blossomin' when I left home an hour ago. But ef that ar' cloud drops an inch or two so's ter keep offen the sun, I'll be here with a load this arternoon.—Time.

Exchange of Greetings.

They met upon the platform as they passed from car to car.
Quoth the one with mask and pistol: "Come, sir, tell me who you are."
"I'm the train boy," said the other. "Now, sir, tell me, who are you?"
And the first one answered, saying: "I'm a railroad robber, too."
—Washington Post.

The Average Man.

Wife—You missed the baby greatly while we were away, didn't you?

Husband—Yes; couldn't sleep at all for a while, till I put a sawhorse and wheelbarrow in the bed and hired a man to play an accordion in the room nights.—Omaha World-Herald.

Never Fails.

Rev. Primrose—The tide waits for no man, my young friend.

Merritt—So they say. Still, when one lies down on the sands, it seems to wait till he's asleep.—Life.

A Practical Test.

"Mamma, dear, do you know you've got twenty-nine pins in the back of your dress?"

"Good gracious, child, how do you know?"

"Why, I've just pulled them out."—Pick-Me-Up.

STRANGE THINGS ABOUT SUICIDE.

The Reasons That Are Sometimes Assigned for the Rash Deed.

"Curiosities of suicide? Bless you, my dear boy, they're innumerable," said the coroner.

Chicago produces an average of about ten suicides per week, or 500, in round numbers, per year.

"It sounds almost incredible," said a deputy coroner, "but the slightest troubles often suffice to bring persons to the point of self destruction. Some doctors claim that only demented persons take their own lives, but this is denied. A storekeeper on Blue Island avenue killed himself and left a long letter to his wife. In it he explained, in a very rational and logical manner, why it was best for him to leave this world. 'Sickly and suffering, unable to earn enough to support my family, my death will be a relief and a blessing to all I love. That's as far as you are concerned. As for me, the burden I carry is heavy. Life has been nothing but torment for me since long ago. It is easy for me to part with it. One moment's suffering and I shall have ceased to feel pain, worry and fear of the future. My death will leave you, dear wife, quite a large sum, enough to start anew and under better auspices. Farewell, and think kindly of me.' That's about the way it ran. Wasn't that a sound argument? Must that man, when he wrote it, five minutes before death, not have been possessed of his full faculties of reasoning?

"In the case of a poor seamstress on Milwaukee avenue, near Noble street, who asphyxiated herself with charcoal and who left a half dozen notes explaining the exact state of her feelings, saying, 'Now I'll soon be happy!' doesn't that case show she had her senses and her will power about her till the last?"

"So much for reasonable suicides," said the reporter. "And now for the unreasonable ones."

"Well, they're the majority, I think. Old Lewis Koenig, up on West Chicago avenue, was perhaps the boss crank I know of. He had been suffering from rheumatism for quite a while, but not severely. He was out of employment, it is true, but he had considerable property and quite a bit of ready cash. His relations with his aged wife were pleasant. One day his wife had to go to the store on the next corner. She fell to chatting with the owner, as women will, forgetting that she had promised her husband to be back within five minutes. She thus spent a half hour at the store, and then, remembering her husband, hastily went home. As she tried to open the kitchen door, something heavy struck against the sash inside. She forced her way in, though, and there was her husband—dead—hanging from a stout nail he had driven into the door. On the floor was a bit of paper, a chunk of coal on it as a weight, in which he had said: 'I see you want to be rid of me. Ten minutes past the time. Good-by.' That was all. He had become so disgusted at ten minutes' delay as to drive him to death. Queer, wasn't it?"

"Yes, rather. Remember any cases of great persistence on the part of people who wanted to die?"

"Yes, many. In fact, persistence is a characteristic feature of many suicides. The most recent and prominent case of this kind was that of a wealthy retired manufacturer on West Harrison street. The man had no earthly reason whatever for committing suicide. The fact that he had paid too high a price for some real estate, and that he had to sell it at a loss, made him brood on this fact during his hours of leisure every day. His actual loss had been less than $100 and his remaining fortune was considerably over $100,000, all in real estate, and papers netting good interest, while his expenses were greatly below his income, and his personal tastes were very simple. Still, there he sat and sat day after day, and far into the night, worrying himself to a shadow over the loss of that $100. Finally he got to believe that real estate was going down in this city, and that his ultimate would be penury and starvation, and then he shot himself. His aim was sure enough. The bullet crashed into his brain. His wife found him lying on his bed on her return home. But the wound was such a one that she did not guess its origin, and the unconscious man woke to life again—with the bullet in his head—stuffed the ear where the bullet had entered with cotton, and told his wife a plausible story about an accident. She, poor soul, believed it, and nursed him faithfully and tenderly. But while she was out of the room—several days after—the man rose from bed, got out his gun, and put a few more leaden globules into himself, this time finishing the job.—Chicago Herald.

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Celebrated brands of

HAVANA CIGARS.

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ILLUMINATE!

The Electric Light is, without doubt, destined to be

The Light of the Immediate Future.

It has proven itself more safe, convenient, cleanly and healthful than any other illuminants.
No ignition from match stumps. No oils to explode.
No gas-pipes to blow up. No soiling of goods.
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It is strangely suggestive of recovered sunlight.
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Claim for their systems the ability to produce more light per horse-power of energy expended than can be produced by any other system known. They guarantee their machinery to outlast other makes, while they are able to sell it at fully one-third less. They supply "arc" and "incandescent" apparatus, or both combined, in any sizes and quantity.
Long distance Incandescent Lighting a specialty. Isolated plants for factories, mills and machine shops, furnished and set up.
Their 1000-candle power lamps are a great success.
Prices and all information on application to their general western representative.

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Music furnished for balls, parties, weddings, entertainments, etc. Apply to the headquarters at the London Harmony.

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AND MOST HOUSEKEEPERS WISH to enlarge, alter, or repair their homes. You will save time, money and anxiety by leaving your orders with

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YARDS AND CESSPOOLS CLEANED, BY Contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable.
Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.
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LARGEST IN THE DOMINION,

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MORE GOOD SALESMEN WANTED.
ap16tf

MEDICAL EXAMINATIONS.

THE SEMI-ANNUAL EXAMINATION OF British Columbia Medical Council will be held in the city of Victoria on the 6th day of May next. Full information by applying to

G. L. MILNE,
ap23-1m Registrar and Secretary.

IMPORTED EDINBURGH ALE

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HALFWAY HOUSE, ESQUIMALT ROAD

Skittles, Quoits and other English games. Very best of wines, liquors and cigars always kept in stock.

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For Organic Weakness, Failing Memory, Lack of Energy, Physical Decay, arising from excess of indulgence, producing some of the following effects: Nervousness, Debility, Dimness of Sight, Self Distrust, Defective Memory, Pimples on the Face, Loss of Ambition, Melancholy, Dyspepsia, Stunted Development, Loss of Power, Pains in the Back, etc. Price $2.00 for one month's treatment. Safely, Privately. No mercury. Curable cases guaranteed.
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Address,—J. E. HAZELTON, 308 Yonge st., Toronto, Ont., Druggist.

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OPTICIAN, 27 FORT STREET, ONE DOOR from Government, Victoria, B. C. Perfected Spectacles and Eye Glasses always on hand and carefully adjusted to sight; twenty-five years' experience in fitting glasses. Satisfaction guaranteed. OPTICAL GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. dec29-1y

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Gold in British Columbia,
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CLEVELAND BAY HORSE,

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FOALED 1886.

Bred by Mr. Stockhill, Craike, Pasingwold, England; imported 1889. Weight 1640 lbs.

Sire Wonderful Lad; dam by Young Naylor; granddam by Successor.

PEDIGREE:

Wonderful Lad: sire Cawston, he by Cawston.
Wonderful Lad was out of a mare by Wonderful Lad, he by Cleveland Lad, dam by Wonderful Lad.
Young Naylor: sire Ceylon, dam by Wonderful.
Successor: sire Cleveland, dam by Topper.

SAANICH—Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday,
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COWICHAN—Friday and Saturday every other week.

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For single service, $10. Season, $20. To insure, $30.

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Collections made in every part of the world, and if not collected no charges.

J. E. COLLINS,
Manager and Treasurer.
Correspondence solicited.
a18-1y

NOTICE.

A MEETING OF THE MEMBERS OF THE British Columbia Investment and Loan Society (in liquidation), will be held in the rooms over the offices of Drake, Jackson & Helmcken, Bastion street, in the City of Victoria, on Thursday the Eighth day of May, 1890, at 2 p. m., when all members are requested to be present.

C. W. R. THOMSON,
April 30, td Liquidator.

OYSTERS.

GOOD FRESH NATIVE OYSTERS BY the sack. Orders addressed to JOHN BRENTON, Railway Crossing, Oyster Harbor, will receive prompt attention.

mh11-2m JNO. BRENTON.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH.

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IF you [illegible] artificial Teeth, come and inspect my improved plates. They differ from all others. They are like natural ones, and will not drop while eating or speaking. The best is always the cheapest.

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A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 30 YEARS TEST. Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Brain, Poor Memory, Dizziness and all diseases caused by ignorance in youth. Six boxes are guaranteed to cure when all other medicines fail. One box, $1.00; six boxes, $5.00. Manufactured by EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., Detroit, Mich. [illegible] and sent anywhere by mail by LANGLEY & CO., Victoria, B.C. [illegible]

Before.
After.

NOTICE.

TO OWNERS OF DOGS:

OWING TO THE DEPREDATIONS OF dogs at Cloverdale Farm, Poison is laid over the premises.
All dogs trespassing [illegible] owners will be destroyed.
ap22-1m J. W. TOLMIE.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE BIRDS ON THE HATS.

A RATHER BITTER ARRAIGNMENT OF A FAD AND ITS FRIENDS.

Butchering Hundreds of Thousands of Birds to Secure Their Plumage—Extracts from Different Sources to Show What the Practice Means.

One of your esteemed contemporaries had an article recently on "Bird Plumage on Women's Heads," which is so misleading and so favorable to the interests of the feather dealers that, if it had been dictated by one of those gentlemen, it could hardly have been more so.

Dead birds mean dollars to the feather dealer, and he would stifle the gush of song in the throat of the bobolink with as little compunction as he would crush a mosquito. It is not to be supposed that these men are going to volunteer any information that will injure their trade; on the contrary, it is their part to suppress all unpleasant facts, and to soothe and put to sleep the conscientious scruples of women on the subject of dead bird millinery. With your kind permission I will mention a few facts for the benefit of your readers which will rather disprove some previous statements.

To affirm that the domestic canary is never used for millinery purposes is untrue. The writer saw a hat only a short time since with five canaries upon it, arranged in such fantastic attitudes as to suggest the idea that the wearer was a fit subject for the lunatic asylum. Either we must believe what the feather dealers tell us, and distrust the evidence of our own senses, or we must believe what the leading ornithologists of the country tell us, and for my part I prefer to believe the latter. In 1886 the rage for dead bird millinery had reached a climax, and the ornithologists published a report showing the appalling destruction of our song birds to satisfy the demands of a barbarous and demoralizing fashion. The report says: "From carefully gathered statistics it is proved that on the most moderate calculation 5,000,000 song birds are annually required to fill the demand for the ornamentation of the hats of American women. The slaughter is not confined to song birds; everything that wears feathers is a target for the bird butcher. In a single season 40,000 terns were killed at Cape Cod for exportation, and the swamps and marshes of Florida have been depopulated of their egrets and herons. In one month 1,000,000 bobolinks have been killed near Philadelphia, and from a single Long Island village 70,000 song birds were supplied in a short time to New York dealers for millinery purposes."

The above are only a few extracts from the report, but enough to show what the slaughter has been; and if song birds are not used so much now on hats as formerly, it is owing to the restraining influence of the Audubon society. This society is an outgrowth of the committee on bird protection of the American Ornithologists' union, and has members today in every state in the union and in Canada.

Probably if the wearers of the plumes of the Florida egrets knew at what cost these plumes are obtained, there would be less demand for them, and as women as often sin in this matter from ignorance and want of thought as from want of heart, it is only right they should know. A correspondent of The Audubon Magazine (see July number, 1887) writes from Pinecastle, Fla., as follows:

"Through my meanderings I watched closely for birds and deer. I saw but a few hundred birds, where formerly I had seen from 10,000 to 20,000. I met plenty of hunters with buggies and wagons loaded with bird plumes. The birds are killed at a season of the year when they are rearing their young. On passing the rookeries where the hunters had been a few days previous, the screams and calls of the starving young birds were pitiful to hear. Some were just fledged, while others were so young that they could make but little noise. But all must inevitably starve to death. I cannot describe the horror it gave me to hear the pitiful screams of the dying little birds."

I think your esteemed contemporary has got rather mixed up in his ornithology when he speaks of the cedar bird as the rice bird which does so much injury to the crops in the south, so that its destruction is rather a benefit than otherwise. But I quite understand his description of "bird effects." The way the birds are torn up, and the different parts distributed upon hats, would be quite in accordance with the fitness of things in the mind of a savage, but it is an insult to the taste and feeling of a civilized people. On one hat is a breast without head or body, on another a decapitated head with glass eyes stares out from between legs, or the bird is smashed flat as if killed with a stone—more the position it would take in its dying agonies than any pose it could possibly assume in life. Still, the outlook is not so discouraging as it might be, and people are beginning to realize the necessity of more rigid laws to protect birds other than those for food.

I read in The Savannah News of a recent date: "The crane is pursued vigorously by the hunter, who finds a ready market for the plumage, as the snow-white feathers are popular with the women of fashion. Plumage dealers in New York have hunters regularly employed at a salary in the south, Florida, and along the Atlantic and Gulf coasts of the peninsula, and all through the almost impenetrable lagoons and bayous of the Everglades, who keep up the warfare upon the birds of plumage and song all through the winter. And this fact has led to the agitation of the question whether a rigid law should not be passed to punish by fines and penalties all who are convicted of shooting any birds excepting those which are edible."—Letter in New York Sun.

Regard for the Fitness of Things.

Ruralist (who has paid $1 to a street peddler for a ten-cent chain)—Police!

Peddler—What do you want now?

Ruralist—I want the kind of watch this chain deserves.—Jeweler's Weekly.

A BALLADE OF YOUTH.

Adown the road the red rose bushes
Are budding and blooming here and there;
And the clean, cool wind, it laughs, and pushes
Over my forehead and through my hair.
Life is a lightsome weight to bear;
Youth is not such a weary load;
Wouldst thou deprive me of my share,
Death, that art lurking down the road?

My steed is fresh; the ways are pleasant,
I am not old nor weary yet.
The past was good, as good the present,
Nor is there much I need regret.
Wilt thou not slumber, and forget
To harvest grain so newly sowed,
O lean, and longing, and sharp set
Death, that art lurking down the road?

Nay! I shall pray thee not, lamenting
The end of me, and the end of all.
Thou hast no soul for tears, repenting
Thy sweeping blade, when mortals fall.
At some lane's turn I'll hear the call,
"Stand!" and as grass I shall be mowed,
Strike then; thou shalt not me appall,
Death, that art lurking down the road!

Only—strike sure, if strike it must be,
What time I forget thy dues are owed,
Seize them suddenly, thine so justly,
Death, that art lurking down the road!

—P. Y. Black in Overland.

Older Than the Pyramids.

With an antiquity rivaling, probably exceeding, that of the pyramids of Egypt, and a reputation scarcely inferior, it is remarkable how little notice has been taken of the death of the colossal dragon tree of Oratava. This gigantic, hoary headed vegetable veteran died almost suddenly a few years ago, and may be said, like the deacon's old masterpiece, to have gone "to pieces all at once—all at once and nothing first—just as bubbles do when they burst." After a babyhood of centuries, decades of maturity and a decadence of ages, it does seem pitiable that the departure of this wonder of the world should have evoked little or no comment.

When Alonzo de Lugo, the conqueror of Teneriffe, came to Oratava, in 1493, he spared the tree, but, scandalized at the profane mysteries which had taken place in its interior, he converted its hollowness into a chapel for holy mass. Humboldt, in 1799, gives its height as "appearing about fifty or sixty feet, and its circumference near the roots at forty-five feet, and the diameter of the trunk at ten feet from the ground is still twelve English feet," and he computed its age at 10,000 years. The opening was so large that a table was placed in it round which fourteen persons could seat themselves, and a staircase in the interior conducted the visitor up to the height whence the branches sprang.—London Globe.

A Few Men Run the House.

Thus it appeared that of the 330 members of the house not more than a couple of dozen, or at the outside two score, have anything more than a local or state reputation. As a matter of fact, the business of the house is in the hands of a half dozen men, and when my friend asked me to point out to him the men who during the next two years will control, or largely control, the lawmaking of that body, I showed him Reed in the chair, alert and self complacent; McKinley on the floor, pale and reserved; Bayne, of Pittsburg, bearded and strong willed; Cannon, of Illinois, studiously reading the revised statutes and chewing the end of a Wisconsin cigar; Cabot Lodge, young, strong, clean limbed, athletic literary, pacing to and fro in the rear of the seats like a lion in a cage, eager to be off to the jungle; Burrows, smiling and affable, and with his shoes—the shoes which it is a matter of principle with him never to blacken—stuck in his favorite attitude upon the top of his desk, and one-legged Henderson, of Iowa, hard at work, as usual, with pen in hand and a formidable array of law books beside him.—Washington Letter.

The Human Ear.

Few people realize what a wonderfully delicate structure the human ear really is. That which we ordinarily designate so is, after all, only the mere outer porch of a series of winding passages, which, like the lobbies of a great building, lead from the world without to the world within. Certain of these passages are full of liquid, and their membranes are stretched like parchment curtains across the corridor at different places, and can be made to tremble like the head of a drum or the surface of a tambourine does when struck with a stick or with the fingers. Between two of these parchment like curtains a chain of very small bones extends, which serves to tighten or relax these membranes, and to communicate vibrations to them. In the innermost place of all a row of white threads called nerves stretch like the strings of a piano from the last point to which the tremblings or thrillings reach and pass inward to the brain. A wonderful piece of mechanism, indeed!—St. Louis Republic.

Order of the Garter.

"Honi soit qui mal y pense," said the gallant English monarch Edward III, as he picked up a silken band of blue, clasped with silver, which the beautiful Countess of Salisbury lost as she stepped a stately measure with his majesty at the great court ball more than 500 years ogo. "Honi soit qui mal y pense," and he clasped the ribbon about his left leg just below the knee, thus creating himself the first knight of the Order of the Garter, whose emblem, a dark blue, gold bordered band with a buckle and pendant of silver, bearing the old motto has been and is still worn by all the great knights and famous men in England.—New York Sun.

A Useful Temporary Bridge.

M. Eiffel, the builder of the great tower in Paris, has recently invented a bridge which promises to "fill a long felt want" of the railroad companies. It is to be used temporarily in the place of the ordinary bridges when they have been damaged. It is made of steel, carries a track, and weighs, with a length of 150 feet, about eighty-six tons. It can be put in position from either end without the aid of machinery or any preparation, simply by human hands. At a recent trial in Paris M. de Freycinet and many officers of high rank and officials of the railways from several countries expressed their hearty admiration of it.—New York Telegram.

SPECIAL MONTREAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

THOMAS FIRTH & SONS,
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NORFOLK WORKS, SHEFFIELD,
MANUFACTURERS OF
CRUCIBLE CAST STEEL
For Axes, Tools, Taps, Dies.
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The J. C. McLaren Belting Co.
(Established 1856)
MONTREAL and TORONTO.
Send for Illustrated List and Discounts.

THERE IS A TIDE

"In the affairs of men, which
Taken at the flood,
Leads—on to fortune."

It is flood tide with us at present, for our Stock is Complete and prices low.

PEOPLE'S
BOOT AND SHOE STORE,
103 Government St.
JNO. FULLERTON.
aug13

J. P. MATTHEWS & Co.
No. 69, Cor. Fort and Douglas Sts.

Knowing the Public do make an effort to buy Groceries as cheap as possible, and we being unable to sell goods as cheap for credit as for cash, have decided to sell, on the first of May next, our Goods for Cash. We will for the balance o this month make the following offer for cash:

11½ lbs Granulated SUGAR	$1 00	3 lbs Good Ground COFFEE	
14 lbs Coffee SUGAR	1 00	6 tins SALMON	
CORN, per tin 15 cents, or 7 for	1 00	Albert SARDINES, ¼ c., 8 for	1 0
TOMATOES, 2 tins for	50	5 tins C. & B. MARMALADE	1 00
REINDEER MILK, 6 tins for	1 00	2 pkgs. CORN STARCH	25
5 lb box Good BLACK TEA	1 50	7 cakes Dingman's SOAP	50
1 5-lb pkg. Prices CANDLES	90	5 pckgs. PEARLINE	1 00
1 sack Island POTATOES	2 25	Fearman's HAMS, per lb	15
SAGO, 12 lbs for	1 00	20 lbs BEANS	1 00
TAPIOCA, 12 lbs for	1 00	C. & B. JAMS, 1 lb tins	25
FLOUR, Hungarian, per bbl.	6 50	10 lbs Valencia RAISINS	1 00
Do. Snowflake	5 25	Rolled BACON, per lb	12

3 tins Corned BEEF .... 90 cents.

ap11-1m J. P. Matthews & Co.

FISH'S
COMPOUND
EXTRACT
SARSAPARILLA AND OREGON GRAPE
FOR THE
LIVER AND BLOOD
The Best Spring Medicine Known,
(Compounded solely from herbs.)
THOMAS FISH, Herbalist and Chemist
86 BLANCHARD STREET, BETWEEN PANDORA AND JOHNSON.
Pupil of the late Saml. Jno. Stratford, M.D., M.R.C.S., Eng.
Over 30 years experience in medicines.

A DANGER SIGNAL.

A Cold in the Head may be aptly termed a danger signal, warning you that if neglected that dangerous and disagreeable disease, Catarrh, is sure to follow, perhaps leading to Consumption and the grave. At no season of the year is Cold in the Head more prevalent than during the Spring months, and at no season do the people of this country suffer more generally from troubles; but apply NASAL BALM, the only remedy that will give instant relief and effect a thorough cure. The following testimonials from among thousands in our possession bear witness to its sterling merit.

Alex. Burrs, Sudbury, Ont., says: I may state that I have been afflicted with Catarrh seven or eight years, and it was attended by consequent symptoms such as foul breath, constant dropping into the throat, hawking and spitting, partial deafness, ringing in the ears and sickening pains in the head directly over either eye. I have used powders and douches, but all to no effect, the only result arising from the use of such was temporary relief, followed by the usual symptoms in a more aggravated form. The results arising from the use of Nasal Balm: Sweet breath, stoppage of the droppings into the throat, (consequently less hawking and spitting), clearness of hearing, and not once since I began its use have I had pain in the head. In fact it is my opinion that a careful and persistent use of the Balm will effect a cure in the worst case of catarrh.

W. H. Sharp, of Treherne, Manitoba, says: I am delighted to be in a position to say that NASAL BALM is helping me wonderfully. IT SPEEDILY CLEARED OUT THE HEAD AND STOPPED THE DISAGREEABLE DROPPINGS INTO THE THROAT. For some time I have suffered severely from catarrhal headache. NASAL BALM has removed every trace of it. I have every confidence in its completely curing me. It is deserving of all you claim for it, "A Positive Cure for Catarrh—Easy and Pleasant to use." I hope it will soon be for sale in every town and village in Manitoba.

D. Derbyshire, Mayor of Brockville and President of the Ontario Creamery Association, says: Nasal Balm beats the world for Catarrh and Cold in the Head. In my own case it effected relief from the first application.

Nasal Balm
Instantly Relieves
Cold in Head

Nasal Balm
Positively Cures
Catarrh

J. B. A. Smith, of Spallumcheen, B. C. says: I have been using your Nasal Balm for some time, with the most gratifying results. My case of catarrh was a very bad one, but the Nasal Balm has cleared my head, stopped the droppings into my throat, in fact has made me feel smarter and better in every way. I look upon Nasal Balm as a perfect remedy.

L. D. Dion, Dept. Railways and Canals, Ottawa, says: I am very glad to give you to-day the testimony that Nasal Balm has completely cured my catarrh, from which I suffered for nearly three years.

Isaac Waterman, Imperial Oil Co', Petrolia, Ont., says: Nasal Balm gave me the most perfect satisfaction of any medicine I ever used for Cold in the Head. I found it easy to use, quick in giving relief and effecting a complete cure in a couple of hours.

Mr. John H. Adams, merchant, Brantford, says: I have used Nasal Balm for Catarrh, and found it to be a certain cure.

If Nasal Balm is not kept in stock by your dealers, it will be sent post paid on receipt of price (50 cents for small and $1 for large size bottles) by addressing

[illegible] Fulford & Co., Brockville, Ont.

FOUL BAY.

T. G. RAYNER has 150 Lots and half-acre Blocks for sale, the lay of which is unsurpassed for beauty of scenery. Call early and we will drive you out to see it.

We have also a complete list of desirable properties in farms building lots, five and ten acre blocks and can furnish you with a first-class investment.

T. G. RAYNER,
Stock and Share Broker. Trounce Avenue.

NEW GOODS FOR SPRING.

BABY CARRIAGES: a beautiful line just opened.
LANCASTER WINDOW SHADING:
Some new patterns.
CARPETS, : LINOLEUMS, : CURTAIN : POLES, : WALLPAPER,
And Antique Furnishings constantly arriving.
LINCRUSTA WALTON,
The most popular of all wall decorations. Also
Largest Stock of Furniture of all kinds, Crockery, Glassware, Lamps and general House Furnishing Goods, in the Province, at
JOHN WEILER'S
Showrooms, 51 to 55 Fort St. - - - Factory, Humbolt St.

JUST RECEIVED.

Two - Carloads - of - Plows - and - Harrows,
1 Carload Paint,
— ALSO —
A SUPPLY OF FIELD ROLLERS, LAWN ROLLERS, LAWN SWEEPERS, Etc., Etc.
NICHOLLES & RENOUF
S.E. Cor. Yates and Broad Street,
VICTORIA, B.C. mar19

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(LIMITED.)

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This Granite is perfectly free from all iron rust, black knots, and other imperfections. Samples furnished on application and prices quoted. For further particulars apply to

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P. O. Box 1,311x, Seattle. au29-6m P. O. Box 654, Victoria, B.C.

New Goods. -:- New Styles.
B. WILLIAMS & Co.,
Clothiers and Hatters
97 JOHNSON STREET.
Good Value! Low Prices! Splendid Assortment Boys' Suits!
March 25-6m

WM ECKERT,
The Cash Grocer's Quotation:

FLOUR, per bbl.		$5 25	TOMATOES, 6 tins new	85
OATMEAL, Rolled	18 lbs. for	1 00	PEAS, 8 tins new	95
" Stan'd	10 " "	45	JAMS and JELLIES, 5 lb tins	1 00
CORN MEAL	10 " "	40	PIE FRUITS, Assorted, gallon tins	75
SAGO and TAPIOCA	12 " "	1 00	MINCE MEAT, Superior, 5 lb. tins	1 00
RICE	20 " "	1 00	SUGAR, Light Brown, 14 lbs	1 00
PEAS, Green or Split	18 " "	1 00	SUGAR HOUSE DRIPS, per gallon	80
BEANS, White or Brown	20 " "	1 00	VINEGAR, Malt, "	60
CURRANTS (new)	10 " "	1 00	VINEGAR, White Wine, "	65
RAISINS, VALENCIA, (new)	10 " "	1 00	BUTTER, Creamery 30 cts. per lb., 3 lbs for	90
PRUNES	from 6 to 12 " "	1 00	HAM, Choice Eastern, per lb	from 15 to 17
APPLES, Dried (new)	from 6 to 9 " "	1 00	BACON, 15 cts. per lb or 8 lbs for	1 00
PEACHES " "	6 " "	1 00	COAL OIL, Pearl, per tin	1 75
APRICOTS " "	6 " "	1 00	TOBACCO, Smoking, 5 plugs	1 00
PEACHES, 3 to 4 tins, new		90	EGGS, Island, 25 cts. per doz. Imported, 20 cts.	
APRICOTS, 3 tins, new		90	COFFEE, Victoria Blend	35
PINE APPLES, 3 tins, new		90	" Mocha, Java and Ceylon	45
CORN	7 " "	1 00	TEA, 5 lbs. MM for	1 50
BUTTER, Fresh Grass Roll, per roll		35	GRANULATED SUGAR, 12 lbs for	1 00

Remember the place: 173—Government Street, corner Herald —173
[illegible]

McMASTER & CO.
: WHOLESALE :
Woollens and General Dry Goods
12 Front Street West, Toronto.
AGENTS FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA:
J. PIERCY & CO., - VICTORIA, B. C.

J. PIERCY & CO.,
WHOLESALE MANUFACTORY—GENTS' FURNISHINGS
25-27 Yates Street, Victoria, B. C.

THE REGATTA PROGRAMME.

Details of the Aquatic Sports to be Held on the Twenty-Fourth of May.

A meeting of the Regatta committee of the Queen's Birthday sports was held last evening, Mr. R. Broderick in the chair, and the following programme was adopted:

1. Naval ten-oared cutter race, two miles. Prize, $45.

2. Four-oared (amateur) inrigged boats, open to navy and civilians, in boats 22 feet and under, two miles. Prize, silver cup or medals of the value of $25.

3. Professional single outrigger skiffs, 18 feet and under. First prize, $30; 2d, $10.

4. Canoe race.

5. Professional shell race for the championship of British Columbia. Prizes, $30 and a cup, presented by R. C. Davis of the Victoria Gardens; 2d, $15.

6. Professional four-oared race, boats 23 feet and under, two miles. First prize, $50; 2d, $20.

7. Amateur championship of British Columbia in single outrigger skiffs, 18 feet and under. Prize, cup presented by Crane, McGregor & Boggs.

8. Naval ten-oared cutter race, two miles. Prize, $45.

9. Canoe race for Indians, canoes 30 feet keel measure, eleven paddles. First prize, $4 a paddle; 2nd, $1. Two miles.

10. Four-oared (amateur) race in boats 22 feet and under. Prize, cup presented by Davidson Bros., of the value of $40.

11. Klootchmen race, short course, seven paddles. First prize, $3 per paddle; 2d, $1.

12. Dingy race for civilians. First prize, $10; 2d, $5.

13. Peterboro, Rock Bay and birch-bark canoes; not more than two paddles in each. Prize, medals, value $15; 2d, medals, $7.50.

14. Double outrigger skiffs, 20 feet and under, two miles. First prize, $30; 2d, $10.

15. Swimming race. Prize, $10.

16. Greasy pole. Prize, $10.

17. Sailing race, boats under six tons; course same as last year. First prize, $50; 2d, $25.

SAWDUST FOR FUEL.

Now Used at the Electric Street Railway Power House.

Upon the first inception of the N. E. T. Co., it was the intention to use the sawdust and refuse lumber from Sayward's mill as fuel, but the idea was not fully carried out until last week, when the experiment of using sawdust as fuel was tried.

It was found to work first rate, giving a good clear fire and furnishing plenty of steam, without causing a lot of dirty black soot, the result of coal burning, to be deposited on the surroundings. The use of sawdust will, in all likelihood, be something of a saving financially, but that will of course depend almost entirely on the method used to carry it from the mill to the power house. It is the intention to have built at an early date an overhead steel carrier, fitted with an endless chain which will take the fuel over to the boilers with the least amount of trouble.

The using of sawdust for fuel is a good idea, and is one calculated to be of benefit to mankind, as instead of allowing the caloric generated by the burning sawdust to be wasted in the refuse burner, the same is conserved and converted into energy for driving the street cars and motors of the company.

Y. M. I. CONCERT.

Anniversary Entertainment at Philharmonic Hall—The Programme to be Given.

Young Men's Institute No. 85 will hold a Concert and Dramatic Entertainment at Philharmonic Hall on tomorrow (Wednesday) evening. The following programme will be given:

Overture, March (E. Boyer)......Miss Bantly, Prof. Kauffman, Mr. M. Bantly, Masters A. and J. Bantly and Mr. Thompson.
Solo—Marguerite (C. A. White)....F. H. Lang.
Solo—Madeloric (C. A. White)..........Miss R. Burnes.
Recitation—The Bondage of Drink..........Miss Hyams.
Solo—The Songs My Mother Sung (W. S. Mullaly)..........Miss A. Shaw.
Trio—Wait Till the Tide Comes In (G. L. Davis) Mrs. Raiff, Miss S. Jenness, and Mr. S. W. Gray.
Recitation—The Old Squire. Mr. McCullough.
Solo—Orange Blossoms (A. Giebel)..........Miss B. Fittore.
Solo—I'm Just 72 To-day..........Mr. Murphy
Selection—Sounds of Erin..........Orchestra.

The following ladies and gentlemen will take parts in the two act drama "Down to Bedrock."

O'Callaghan	Staff Sergt Mellon
Charles	Mr. J. Fitzpatrick
Rivers	Mr. F. H. Lang
Dr. Banks	Mr. C. Wilks
John	Mr. Geo. Tribe
Thomas	Mr. D. Nolan
Mrs. Montague	Mrs. C. Wilks
Julia	Miss T. Kerg
Mrs. Banks	Miss A. Roarke

The Closing Dance.

About 50 couples were present at Harmony Hall last evening to attend the closing dance of Mrs. Dickinson's senior class. The hall was tastefully decorated and the merry party danced until an early hour this morning. Good music, a finely arranged programme and a well filled table were supplied and everyone enjoyed the last, for this season, of a long list of pleasant evenings spent in Harmony Hall.

Coming to Victoria.

Indian Officer James returned from Cowichan yesterday afternoon where he was sent to try and induce the Cowichan Indians to come to Victoria on the 24th to take part in the celebration. The chief had not returned from his visit to the other reserves and consequently no definite answer could be given but the majority of the tribe are in favor of coming down on the 24th and holding their potlatch one week later. If they come they will bring seven large canoes with them, and as is always the case, their race will be one of the chief attractions of the regatta. The whole tribe will be under the care of Officer James during their stay in Victoria.

A Queer Individual.

Last night about 9 o'clock a well dressed and evidently well-to-do man walked into the Pritchard House and paid for a room which he immediately proceeded to occupy. Before he had been in it long, however, the people on the sidewalk were surprised to see him come out of the house in an almost nude condition and make a break up Yates street, at the same time calling out "I'm the governor of Alaska." A couple of young men gave chase and after a long run caught the unfortunate man in front of the skating rink. He evidently got over his fit for a little while as he was very quiet until he reached Gowen's brewery, when he broke away from his captors and ran as far as Pandora street where he was again caught and lodged safely at the Pritchard House until the arrival of Sergt. Walker, who took him to the police station, where he soon quieted down. The man, who would give no other name than "Alaska," came over from the Sound last evening and is a stranger in Victoria.

Painful Accident.

A telegram was received in the city yesterday stating that Mr. Jas. O. Graham, manager of the Hudson Bay Co., at Kamloops, had had his leg broken in two places by being kicked by a horse.

In Mormondom.

Mr. Stenhouse has been making "a pilgrimage to Mecca," and for the past four weeks has been travelling through Utah, with which he is greatly delighted. He sends us the summary of a discourse which he recently preached in Salt Lake City, and which we publish in this issue.

A Bad Name.

McCoomb, the Seattle relief fund ex-treasurer, who is charged with forgery, has a bad reputation. A letter from San Francisco states that he was convicted of forgery in San Francisco on September 2nd, 1878, and was sent to the San Quentin penitentiary, where he served a term of one year.

Naval Notes.

The Acorn will leave for Honolulu in a few days.

The Amphion is still in the dock. The repairs although nearing completion, will not have reached the final stage before the arrival of H. R. H. the Duke of Connaught and the gallant ship will be compelled to remain in her present quarters during the festivities accompanying the reception.

Chinese ex Batavia.

On board the Batavia this trip were 97 Chinese. Fifty of these were new arrivals, while 47 held return certificates, 31 of which were issued at the port of Victoria. Four fradulent certificates were found, the holders of which were placed under arrest pending the payment of $50 head tax. The percentage of fradulent certificates is considered by officials as very low.

P. O. Home.

The ladies' committee thankfully acknowledge the following donations in April: Milk, Mr. Rogers, Mr. Jack (both daily); bread, Mrs. Oliver; cakes, jellies, and sundries, "the married ladies' club"; eggs (weekly,) Mr. J. J. Russell; side of veal, jam, and milk, Mr. J. J. Russell; clothing, Mrs. James Dunsmuir, Mrs. Christie, Mrs. E. Johnson, Mrs. Musgrave; early vegetables, Mr. Andean.

Not Satisfied.

A sum of $1000 has been donated by the Law Society of British Columbia, toward the formation of a law library in the new court house at New Westminster. The benchers of the Mainland are not satisfied with this sum, and are asking for more, because they contribute three-fourths of the funds of the society, and rightly think that if $8000 is used upon a library in Victoria they ought to have something more than $1000.

Coming Celebrations.

Mr. George S. List, one of Seattle's successful real estate men, who came over on Saturday evening, returned home this morning. Mr. List says it is certain that a large number of Seattle people will be over on the 24th and they will expect Victorians to return the visit on the 6th of June. That will be the anniversary of the destruction of the city by the great fire and it is suggested that the city should in some way mark its thankfulness for its triumph over the great scourge that was temporarily visited upon it on that day.

Contributors to Provincial Museum.

Victoria—Mrs. D. Harte, Mrs. Glyde, Miss Nellie Newcomb, Mrs. Jay, Mrs. McTavish, Capt. Rudlin, John Switzer, J. Knight, Mrs. G. Henly, W. T. McGrath, Master Bertie Vernon, Dr. Milne, Andrew Glyde, Capt. Vidler, A. H. Maynard, R. Maynard, Dr. Hasell, Ashdown Green, Capt. Irving, George Deans, Capt. Moffatt, Dr. McCandlish, Natural History Society of B. C., H. H. Wootton, Max Katzauer, agent for J. & A. Boscowitz. Clinton—Edwin Bell. Parsons Bridge — Mr. Weir. Shawnigan—R. B. Halhead. Plumpers Pass—T. Collonson. Ashcroft—Hon. C. F. Cornwall. New Westminster—William H. Vianen. Mayne Island—Isaac Tod.

Prospector's Hardship.

An instance of where a tramp got his dinner without sawing any wood for it is related by two prospectors, Messrs Robertson and McGregor, who returned yesterday from a visit to the Sterling silver mine on the Kokesilah river. After proceeding up the above named river on Saturday, for about 15 miles they halted and had lunch at a cabin not far from the mine and then cached the remainder of their provisions in a place where they thought it would be safe from wood rats or other vermin. But they had reckoned without the universal tramp and as a consequence of this error in calculation, they returned to the source of supplies next morning, with hungary stomachs, to find that their palatable assortment of canned-lunch tongue, cheese, cake, biscuit, bread, beans, etc., had been cooly appropriated by some tramp, who had been kind enough to leave a few crusts of bread as a reminder to the weary travelers of "what might have been."

Ice Cream at Steitz Bros. - m3 tf.

To be found in every quarter of the Globe—Sweet Caporals.

J. C. Smith, chimney sweep, 34 Collinson street opposite St. Joseph's hospital, or orders may be left at Irving's shoe store, 90 Yates street.

Never Here Before.

Some of the most unique designs in spring cloth, for gentlemen's wear. New line of spring suitings displayed for first time in Victoria by Campbell & Simpkins, the fashionable Government street Tailors.

Hand-rolled and strictly pure—Sweet Caporals.

Pendray's extract of soap is a wonderful washing powder—away above anything of the kind in this market. Encourage home industry.

Fence Posts.

Split cedar fence posts for sale. Apply to A. C. Howe, corner of Discovery and Government streets or to Scotch Bakery Douglas street.

ROYAL

ROYAL
ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—*U. S. Government Report, Aug. 17, 1889.*

SONS OF ST. GEORGE.

THE INSTITUTION OF MILTON LODGE, Sons of St. George, will take place on **Wednesday the 7th, at 7:30 p.m.,** at Sir William Wallace Hall, Broad street. All Englishmen desirous of joining as charter members will present themselves on that night.

my4td By order, PRESIDENT.

ALL ENGLISHMEN

INTERESTED IN FORMING A LODGE OF the SONS OF ENGLAND BENEFIT SOCIETY are invited to attend a meeting, to be held in the SIR WILLIAM WALLACE HALL on Thursday evening next, 8th inst.

REV. H. P. HOBSON,
my2-5t District Deputy.

ESTATE OF JOHN BOYD,

DECEASED.

CREDITORS ARE REQUESTED TO SEND in their claims, and debtors to pay their accounts forthwith to J. Burns, No. 5 Trounce Avenue.

GEORGE WALKER, } Executors.
ap28-1m JAMES BURNS, }

G. A. McTAVISH

Has at his store

-::-ON PARK ROAD-::-

A choice assortment of

VEGETABLE

AND

FLOWER SEEDS.

Pansy Seed of the very best strain procurable, personally selected while in Scotland from the stock of the largest Prize Winner in Great Britain.

Special Prizes will be offered at the Fall Exhibition of the B. C. Agricultural Society for the best flowers raised from this seed.

STORE AND NURSERY,

PARK ROAD, VICTORIA

ART NOTICE.

Beware of all Misrepresentations.

PERSONS REQUIRING ANY Work of Art done will save time, money and annoyance by calling at the Art Reception Fruit Store, No. 111 Government street, for the best work of art of all kinds ever produced by any artist on the Pacific coast. Mr. G. G. Bigger is general agent for house and has no sub-agents. All work done must be taken by himself, or left at above address. Beware of all frauds and daubs of inferior art. m3

CLEARING SALE.

A few days ago we advertised a clearing sale of the remaining portion of our stock saved from the recent fire, to make room for extensive alterations, and for the large stock personally selected by our Mr. Hastie in the Eastern markets. To effect this we had to make big reductions. We are glad to say our efforts are meeting with success. We have been crowded for Carpets, Linoleums and Oilcloths. We have a few high class Parlor and Bedroom Suites that we will sell at the price of common goods. Do not miss the chance of securing first-class goods at such low prices. Give us a call, as the whole must be cleared out.

JAMES HASTIE & CO.,
62 GOVERNMENT ST.
m2-1w

ESTATE OF F. H. ROBSON

Of Kamloops,
IN LIQUIDATION.

SEALED TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED up to Thursday, the 15th day of May, for the purchase of the following undermentioned property belonging to the above estate, viz:—

1st.—Stock of merchandise and furniture in store, a complete list of which can be seen at the office of the undersigned, or on the premises at Kamloops.

2nd.—Store building, including fixtures, and lot upon which it is situated, being Lot 8, Block 30, town of Kamloops.

3rd.—For corner lot in Block 4, 100 ft. x 256 ft. (fronting on three streets), with frontage of 256 feet on First Avenue, Kamloops.

A separate tender is requested for each of the properties enumerated.

For further information apply to the undersigned, or to Mr. W. C. Martin, at present in charge of the premises.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

R. P. RITHET,
Assignee for the estate.
Victoria, B. C., 21st April, 1890. ap22d

THE WESTSIDE,

GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

We believe Truth is the Corner Stone

To-day of permanently profitable advertising

Whatever statements are made must be backed up by merit.

It is useless to say we have goods at such and such a price unless we really have them,

It is no good to say they are cheap unless we are sure such is the fact.

The experience gained during a long period in the Dry Goods business, together with ample facilities, enables us to sell first-class goods as low, if not lower, than any other house (we make no exception whatever).

We are convinced that our stock for the Spring exceeds any heretofore offered and, confident of our ability to give satisfaction, we respectfully solicit your patronage.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

SILKS AND DRESS GOODS.

Bonnets, Faille Francaise, and Lyons Cashmere, Merveilleux, Moire, Satin Luxor, Liberty, and Pongee Silks. A superb line of beautiful goods, extra good value.

About 200 FRENCH DRESS-PATTERNS, (no two alike), all shades and designs, manufactured for and strictly confined to ourselves. We believe these to be the very choicest goods that will be exhibited in Victoria this Spring.

Henriettas, Cashmeres, and Cashmere des Indes, noted for fineness of finish, durability of wear, and brilliancy of dye.

CHALLIES, PERCALLES, AND CHAMBREYS,
IN GREAT VARIETY.
With colored Embroidery to match.

Mourning Materials & Crapes
A SPECIALTY.

THE WESTSIDE.

THE WESTSIDE

GLOVES AND HOSIERY.

By Express TO-DAY we received Spring assortment of the celebrated Alexandre Napoleon Kid Gloves, also 98 dozen of the

"WESTSIDE GLOVE."

This beautiful Maltese X glove is fully guaranteed and sold at regular price, viz: $1.25 for four and $1.50 for six-button. Musquetaire Suede in Evening and Tan shades only, from four to sixteen button length.

Pure silk mitts and gloves in good assortment. Taffeta and Lisle in great variety.

HOSIERY.

Ladies' Silk and spun silk, Lisle Thread, Balbriggan, Cashmere, etc. In these goods we handle J. & R. Morley's best makes.

WOOLS.

16 ounces to the lb. Berlin, Saxony and Beehive, all at 10c. per oz.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING.

MISS HIND, of London, England, and late of W. A. MURRAY & Co.'s, Toronto, has charge of our Dressmaking department.

Estimates given and price of garment fixed when order is taken.

JACKETS, MANTLES, JERSEYS,
DOLMANETTES, BLOUSES, &c.
—ALSO—
Jacketing and Mantle Cloths,
In new Patterns and Shades.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.
170 Government Street,
April 4th, 1890. VICTORIA.

W. DALBY. C. G. BALLENTYNE. FRED. J. CLAXTON.

"The Real Estate Exchange."

Dalby, Ballentyne & Claxton

64 Yates Street, Victoria.

If you want a choice piece of property for business, residential or speculative purposes,

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR LISTS.

We have on hand some of the choicest Acre Property in the Victoria District, at low prices and easy terms.

House and Lot,	- -	Fernwood Road
Acre Property,	- - -	Fernwood Estate
" "	- - -	Esquimalt Road
4 Lots,	- - -	Cook Street
2 Lots, Block D,	- - -	Rock Bay
3 Lots,	- - -	Gorge Road
Acre Property,	- - -	Oak Bay Avenue
" "	- - -	Cedar Hill Road

We have some good water front lots and acre property in Port Angeles that can be had very cheaply. Call and see our list and prices.

☞ We will sell you a lot and loan you the money to build a house upon it.

DALBY, BALLENTYNE & CLAXTON.

WORTH KNOWING, WHERE TO BUY CHEAPEST.

W. & J. WILSON

Are selling their splendid new stock of

SUITS, OVERCOATS, HATS, UNDERWEAR,

WATERPROOFS AND BOYS' CLOTHING, ETC.,

AT BEDROCK PRICES.

SEED OATS.

A LIMITED QUANTITY

For Sale by

BRACKMAN & KER,

125 Gov't Street.

NOTICE TO GAS CONSUMERS.

GAS WILL BE SUPPLIED TO GAS Engines, Gas Stoves and high-power Gas Lamps for outside use at $1.25 per thousand feet.

High power Gas Lamps of 300 candle power and upwards will be supplied at a moderate rental.

For further particulars apply at the company's office, Langley street.

C. W. R. THOMSON,
Sec'y Victoria Gas Co., Limited.
m-ye15-2m

Patronize Home Manufacture.

Field and Lawn Rollers,
Garden Wheelbarrows,
THE BEST IN THE MARKET.

Just received, a fine assortment of the best Drill Seed, cheap.

Rollers and Drills for hire at

ONTARIO WAGON SHOP,
William Powell.

BOURCHIER, CROFT & MALLETTE, REAL ESTATE BROKERS.

BRIEF LOCALS.

The Day's Doings in City and Province Briefly Related.

A fire drill will be held at 7:30 this evening.

There are 52 patients at present at the Royal Hospital.

A lively scuffle took place on Yates street yesterday afternoon between a lot of 'longshoremen.

The steam fire engine John Grant will be brought out for service at the fire drill to-night.

The loan by-law for $50,000 for street improvements was carried in Nanaimo on Monday by a majority of 164.

The members of the Victoria West Dramatic Society will hold a concert in Amateur Hall, Russell Station, this evening.

The blacksmiths and carriage builders of the city have come to an agreement to close up their shops on Saturday afternoons.

The Fraser's angry flood is now rolling toward the sea, and carrying with it all sorts af debris. Very high water is expected shortly.

E. H. Southern, the wonderful impersonator of "Lord Chumley," is to soon appear in Seattle, and will probably visit Victoria.

A statue of Marshall, the discoverer of gold in California, was unveiled in Coloma on Saturday in the presence of several thousand people.

A census of Seattle has been taken and it shows that the city has a population of 43,376. The estimated population of the district is 52,376.

Mr. Foote, of Lake district, has sold his farm for $10,000. The property consists of 97 acres of land and is situated about four miles from the city.

Work on the masonry of the Angel Hotel will be at once proceeded with, and efforts will be made to have the building ready for guests on the 24th of May.

J. H. Brownlee, representing the "Dominion Illustrated," is on his way to Victoria to be present here during the arrival of the Duke and Duchess of Connaught.

Ice Cream made to order and delivered to all parts of the city. Telephone No. 161, New Eng'and Bakery, Young Bros., No. 116 and 118 Government street.

The Colquitz land owners have arranged to meet the members of the city council on Wednesday afternoon at two o'clock, to confer with them on the water rights question.

Capt. Sol Jacobs was yesterday before Justice Drake and examined in chambers relative to a release from jail. An order for release was given, to come into effect in seven days unless an appeal is filed.

The steam horses which were a source of amusement for the young folks of Victoria for a few weeks last winter, returned by the Yosemite last evening, after a successful season in Vancouver and Westminster.

One of the most disgraceful scenes that have taken place on the streets of Victoria, occurred last evening, when a party of men and women, on horseback, and more drunk than sober, went through the principal streets at a breakneck rate.

Three ordinary everyday drunks were fined $5 each in the city police court this morning, after which the case of J. Johnson, charged with stealing a watch and chain, came up and was remanded as the prosecutor had been drinking and was unable to testify.

Rev. E. G. Wheeler, of Portland, Oregon, was in Chemainus on Sunday, and held service both morning and evening. After organizing a Sunday school, the reverend gentleman called for $11 for a library, and in less than ten minutes over $35 was subscribed.

The street committee of Seattle have a rather hard row to hoe. The account for this line in municipal matters is $250,000 overdrawn, and the last payments to the laborers, that of $36,000 for April work is still due, the money not being collectable. The few thousands required by the city of Victoria are as nothing compared with the quarter of a million needed by Seattle.

AN OFFENSIVE HEAP.

Gorge Road Made a Dumping Ground for Garbage and Refuse.

Offensive matter and garbage of all sorts has of late been dumped at night just outside the city limits on the Gorge road, much to the annoyance of the residents in that locality to whom the nuisance is fast becoming unbearable. The dumping ground is the hollow near the bridge, just beyond the Methodist church, and not far removed from several residences, the occupants of which have been well-nigh poisoned by the dreadful smell arising from the heap of refuse.

Complaint has been made to the proper authorities, and if the offence of dumping there is again repeated, the chances are that the offending parties will be severely dealt with in the local courts. It is reported that the stuff has been left there by Chinese, and probably this is so, for white men would hardly be so careless of the health of the general public.

SPORTING NOTES.

Brief Resume of Sporting Matters Here and Elsewhere.

A meeting of the Victoria Junior Lacrosse Club will be held in the rooms of the Y. M. C. A. at 7:30 this evening when officers will be elected for the ensuing year.

LACROSSE MATCH.

A Lacrosse match is talked of for Saturday afternoon, the teams to be captained by two members of the first twelve. The new uniforms for the team are expected in a few days, and very likely the boys will don them for the first time on Saturday.

The ladies of Victoria will find it to their interest to examine my stock of white linen before purchasing elsewhere. Stamping done. Mrs. Hendry, 37 View street.

Thermometer at Kellogg's.

Average temperature to-day.......85°

Real Estate.

Mr. McMartin, of Montreal, purchased a lot 60x60 feet, at the corner of Johnson and Store streets yesterday. The price paid was $13,000. It is considered a good purchase.

The Last Sad Rites.

The funeral of the late R. Stapledon took place at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon from Hayward's undertaking rooms, a large number of friends attending. Messrs. F. Campbell, jr., S. Kelly, jr., W. Wilson, A. Wilson, S. Sea and A. Johnson acted as pall bearers.

That Carpet

at three yards for $1, only a small quantity of it is left. We are also reduced to one roll of that heavy English floor oil cloth at 50 cents per yard. The public know a good thing when they can get it and they have got the most of that oilcloth. The balance can be obtained at Russell, McDonald & Co., opposite the Iron Church, Douglas street.

Entertainment at Victoria West.

The Y. P. A. of the Pandora street Methodist church gave a very pleasant entertainment in the new Methodist church, Victoria West, last evening. The programme consisting of vocal and instrumental music, readings, recitations, etc., was thoroughly enjoyed by all present. The Y. P. A. deserves the support of all in their efforts to extend the work of the church in that part of the city.

Nanaimo to the Front.

A vote was taken yesterday at Nanaimo on a $50,000 loan by-law with the following result:

For the by-law	207
Against the by-law	43
Majority for by-law	164

The Free Press is in high glee over this new and much needed evidence that Nanaimo is to be pushed ahead. She has already been held back too long by false notions of economy.

Plenty of Praise.

The Nanaimo Free Press, in concluding a very flattering notice of the Erminie performance, says: "The several choruses were skillfully and correctly rendered, everyone acting their part as though their hearts were in the piece. It is without doubt one of the finest, if not the finest, production ever produced in Nanaimo, and reflected the highest credit on every one who took part. The entertainment richly deserved the full house it received."

Flower Thieves.

Owners of flower gardens in the northern end of the city have been annoyed of late by the vandal-like acts of certain parties unknown who enter the gardens and pluck flowers at night. The injury is added to by the reckless actions of the thieves, who trample down and destroy as much or more than is taken away greatly to the grief and vexation of those who take a delight and pride in a well kept flower garden. Some day one of the flower thieves will be caught and punished as they deserve.

The First Occupant.

The first practical use that the new addition to the police cells has been put to, was the confinement in one of them last evening of the man who arrived by the Sound boat and who afterwards was placed under restraint, he being possessed with the idea that some one wished to murder him. He was given a cell off the charge room, and appeared very comfortable in it this morning, when visited by the city medical officer. He will be kept in confinement for a few days until the full nature of his malady can be studied, as it may be possible that his attack of insanity is only temporary. Up to the hour of going to press the man's name was not known.

Political Notes.

Mr. Farwell will run in West Kootenay.

Hans Helegesen will possibly be a candidate in Esquimalt.

Mr. Sutton, who recently paid a visit to Alberni, is at present in that vicinity again. Mr. Sutton is improving his acquaintance with the settlers.

The Government are gradually getting into shape and will of course spring the election when they think a favorable opportunity offers for grabbing another lease of power.

In connection with Victoria City the name of Premier Robson is mentioned and also the name of Mr. D. W. Higgins. The Attorney-General is also feeling his way in this district and will not run for Cowichan if there is a ghost of a show of being elected in Victoria.

It is learned from Victoria District that a certain member of the legal fraternity, whose name was frequently mentioned in connection with the vacancy in Lillooet last year, is busily engaged in canvassing the district. It is proposed that he will run with Mr. Anderson in the Government interest, Mr. Tolmie being dropped.

The Colonist says Mr. D. W. Higgins has been asked to be a candidate in Victoria at the next election. Is there any reason why Mr. Higgins should desert Esquimalt which he has represented for four years? Possibly, in doing so, he would be influenced by the same considerations for his political future which are reported to actuate Mr. Davie in retiring from Victoria. Mr. Higgins, we think, would make a very respectable run in Victoria, but ———.

The virtue of Sweet Caporals is their purity.

Novelties in ties, see our windows Gilmore & McCandless.

Baby Carriages.

A fine line of baby carriages and wagons, at Shore & Anderson's, 107 Douglas street.

Arrived.

Bass XXXX Ale (Lamb's Wool) at the Occidental Hotel bar.

Sweet Caporals the leading Cigarettes.

PERSONAL.

Movements of Well Known People in Various Directions.

Judge Atkinson, of Westminster, is in the city.

Sir Joseph W. Trutch is expected to arrive home in a few days.

R. P. Rithet returned from San Francisco via the Sound last evening.

Mortimer G Drummond and wife left for their home in Chilcotin last night.

Mrs. A. J. McLellan leaves by the Kingston this evening on a visit to friends in Little Dalles.

Dr. Milne returned from Nanaimo last evening where he had been attending a meeting of the Nanaimo Gas Company, of which he is a director.

NAUTICAL NOTES.

Items of Interest Along the Water Front—General Marine News.

Steamer Boscowitz goes north tomorrow.

The British bark Earl Derby sailed for the sound at four o'clock this morning.

The steamer Yosemite arrived from Westminster at 11 o'clock last night. She brought no eastern freight or mail, the train not having arrived when she left three hours behind time.

A despatch from Portland says that on Sunday evening the ocean steamer Signal, belonging to the Simpson line, came near being destroyed by fire. The fire was caused by the slacking of lime in the hold, with which the vessel was loaded. Dense clouds of white steam pouring from the main hatch were the first indication of fire on the vessel. The fire department very promptly responded to the call. After a hard battle of nearly two hours the fire was at length brought under control.

STEADY GROWTH.

Large Number of Dwellings Under Process of Construction in Victoria.

All around the suburbs a great amount of building is going on, there being many new houses going up. Without counting the large buildings in course of erection, like Turner's block, the Canadian Western Hotel, the two new churches, (Catholic and Methodist) Ledingham's block, and the City Hall addition, there are at present building over one hundred new dwelling houses. All around can be seen the new roofs and frames of houses in all stages of completeness, and the same bears strong evidence that Victoria is bound to grow, and while not doing anything in a phenomenal way is steadily expanding into a big city.

The best of it is that nearly all the cottages and dwelling houses are being put up by the parties who intend to live in them, and in consequence the buildings are made in a good substantial manner calculated to add materially to the city. Many working men are contemplating building, and the probabilities are that before next year over a quarter of a million dollars will be spent in the building of dwelling houses alone in the city.

COL. BAKER'S DOGGEREL.

To the Editor.—Would you allow me a small space in your independent paper to make a few remarks about what I call the disgraceful way that the Government is doing. The writer arrived in Victoria on the 4th day of February, 1859, and has been in the country ever since. I arrived on a barque named the D. M. Hall, and among my fellow passengers was Mr. Hopkins and wife, the Mr. Hopkins that Judge Terry stabbed in San Francisco. So I claim to be one of the pioneers. Well, sir, from the day I arrived, to the present time, I have paid my taxes to carry on the Government, but till this present Government came into power I have never grumbled; but they have capped the climax by turning the Legislative halls into a dime museum or penny gaff, with Col. (save the mark) Baker as the funny man to read doggerel rhymes to them, to create "roars of laughter." That must certainly strike intelligent men as a strange way of conducting public business. But, thank goodness, their time is ended. If Barnum had happened to come along at the time this funny man was disgracing the place he was in, as well as the respectable members who were there, for there is a few respectable members left yet, he would have secured the quartette, and made a grand thing out of them. The four and the funny man in Barnum's hands would be well worth paying for at a theatre. But, sir, I object to my money being squandered the way it is at present. Up to the thirty-two days they have been in session, the Government has done nothing but make election speeches; but a lot of them will find they have laid on the last straw. I will conclude with a little sensible doggerel for the benefit of the funny man and his clique:

If heaven rejoices when sinners cease from sin,
If heaven rejoices when sinners enter in,
If earth rejoices when deprived of her knaves,
Then all rejoice the Clique are in their graves.

TURK.

A Seasonable Hint.

During the breaking up of winter, damp, chilly weather prevails, and rheumatism, neuralgia, lumbago, sore throat, croup, quinsy, and other painful effects of sudden cold are common. Hagyard's Yellow Oil is a truly valuable household remedy for all such complaints.

Don't Neglect Your Sight.

Don't rely on pedlars or persons who carry on three or four kinds of business to fit your sight, as such persons are responsible for the ruin of more eyes than disease. Go to a responsible optician where your glasses will be guaranteed to fit your sight. Remember that L. S. Hyams', 27 Fort street, is the only exclusive optical establishment in British Columbia, and those who need proper fitting eye-glasses and spectacles will do well to call there and get fitted.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Rather Unfortunate.

A number of bricklayers were unable to work yesterday on account of their white hod carriers getting two exhillirated. Such incidents only serve to furnish powerful arguments for those who put their faith in Chinese and only requires to be repeated a few times to cause a return of the old state of affairs.

A Market for B. C. Hay.

Messrs. Brackman & Ker, the well-known dealers in feed, etc., have closed a contract with parties in Tacoma to supply them with ten tons of hay per week. The first shipment will be made to-night by the steamer Kingston. This is the first shipment of the kind from British Columbia, and prospects look bright for the opening up of a good market for Island hay at the up-sound city.

Burglars at Work.

About 3 o'clock this morning some unknown parties entered the residence of Mrs. Abbott, No. 75 Blanchard street, through a back window, and stole a lot of clothing. The night watchman saw a man come out and hide the articles under the sidewalk, but as he walked away quietly, did not think anything of it until, on investigation, he found the clothes. The thief, in his hurry, overlooked a lot of jewellery, which was on a bench near by.

The Thistle Season.

The bright warm sunshine is causing vegetation to make rapid advancement, and the irrepressible Canadian thistle is now beginning to assert itself. Ere long the vigilant police will begin to lay informations against the owners of those lots where the prickly pests are allowed to thrive and summonses thick as the leaves in Vallambrosa will soon lie upon the city clerk's desk with a cabalistic character across each of the effect that the charge was withdrawn on the payment of $2 costs.

You should secure a lot in Fernwood. Beautiful residential property. Enquire of the leading estate agents. *

Powder Works.

There are at present five men employed in erecting workshops for the men at the Hamilton Powder Co.'s mill at Nanaimo, and as soon as these are finished the main building will be laid out. Mr. Young, the manager, will make a trip to Vancouver this week for the purpose of buying a number of horses, which will be used for hauling the lumber, etc., from the saw-mill. There are also a number of mill hands on their way out to Nanaimo from the east, who thoroughly understand the work required in the manufacture of powder. It is the intention of the company to erect a few dwelling-houses close to the mills for the workmen employed by them.

Tack pullers, carpet stretchers, and other house cleaning apparatus, at McLennan & McFeely's, 70 Yates street. *

Gas Company's Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Nanaimo Gas company was held yesterday. The directors report showed that the receipts for the past year were considerable larger than the previous one; that over five thousand dollars was expended in putting down mains and other requisites for the company, and that works were taxed to their full capacity during the winter months.

The directors recommend that a dividend be declared of ten per cent. on the present stock of the company, which was approved by the meeting.

On motion of Mr. James Abrams, seconded by Dr. Milne, it was decided that the capital stock of the company be increased to the amount of $100,000, and that this be done in compliance with the Act.

A vote of thanks was tendered to the Manager, Secretary and directors, for the manner in which they had conducted the affairs of the company for the past year.

The following directors were appointed for the ensuing year: A. A. Green, J. Mahrer, G. L. Milne, M. Harris, and C. D. Rand.

Easily Ascertained.

It is easy to find out from any one who has used it, the virtues of Hagyards Yellow Oil for all painful and inflamatory troubles, rheumatism, neuralgia, lumbago, frost bites, burns, bruises, sprains, contracted cords, stiff joints, aches, pains and soreness of any kind, it has no superior.

Merchants Luncheon.

From 11:30 until 2 o'clock and Lowenbrau at the Bank Exchange. *

The old reliable Sweet Caporals cannot be improved upon.

Ask your grocer for a box of Pendray's Electric soap, 20 bars for $1.00

Elocution and the culture of the voice. Frederic Adderley, Professor of Elocution (prize medalist, 1882) gives lessons in the above. Amateurs coached. For terms address 115 Government St. *

The newest and most fashionable stock of millinery, jackets, mantles, jerseys, etc., etc., Stevens & Jenkins, 111 Douglas street. Good dressmakers wanted *

Pennock & Clayton,
Pennock & Clayton,
Leading Manufacturing Jewelers,
Leading Manufacturing Jewelers,
British Columbia,
British Columbia,
47 Government Street, Victoria.
47 Government Street, Victoria.

Falks' Milwaukee Bock Beer on draught at the Bank Exchange. *

Eureka cotton-covered garden-hose, best in the market, at McLennan & McFeeley's, 70 Yates street. *

High Time to Begin.

After a long winter the system needs a thorough cleansing, toning and regulating to remove impurities and prepare for summer. Thousands of testimonials show the Burdock Blood Bitters is the best spring medicine ever discovered, producing a feeling of buoyancy and strength. It removes that tired, worn out feeling, and restores lost appetite.

Take your spring suits to John T. Pierre to be cleaned and repaired. He makes it a specialty. 16 Yates St. *

Largest variety of clothing in Victoria, Gilmore & McCandless. *

PASSENGERS.

Per Str. Yosemite, from New Westminster—Mrs Baker, Mrs B Gowen, Mrs Piercy, Mrs Pittendrigh, Miss Pittendrigh, Mr and Mrs and Miss Strue, Mr and Mrs Micklen, Mr McMackler, Mr and Mrs Strobel, R Loudon, Judge Atkinson, W D Macdonald, A J Hill, C Williams, Miss Mesher, W Jennings, J H Brown, W Johnson, P Herd, White, A S Greenley.

Per steamer City of Kingston from the Sound—R P Rithet, C McClaire, E L Memie, F W Parker, T Duffy, J Bland, J Wormork, W Elliott, A H Warren, G Hannah, J C Walker, A Linton, E Staterfohr, A Cohen, A Askey, J Lightburn, Mrs Edwards, D Hatch, E Davenport, Mrs Duffy, S Trathewey, J Davis, C E Ross and wife, Mrs Prusing, W Z Leak, H J Clausen, D McClean, T Lubbe, Mrs Hinrod, E Hanlin, C Thompson, G W Garland, Miss Prussing, B H Smith, W A Malloy.

Per Str North Pacific from Puget Sound—C H Tuckwoop, C S Harrison, R Brittle, H McKenzie, F C Cunningham, H Kennedy, W E Crandall, A H Toole and wife, A Gluber, Joe Palson, J Reynold, J B Evans, J W Thompson, N Nevire, A Bernel, F Trace, C Fortin, G Costello, L Lemon.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer City of Kingston from the Sound—M W Waitt, Robt Jameson, T N Hibben & Co, Braden & Stamford, Munroe Miller, Wm Powell, P T Johnson & Co, H Bornstein, Langley & Co, Fred Norris, Turner Beeton & Co, Fell & Co, H Young & Co, Richardson Church, Joe Ferrison, Jno Brag.

Per Str. Yosemite, from New Westminster—Brackman & Ker, Geo Vienna, G A Knight, Van Volkenburgh, J Pollick, W D Macauly, A Strobel, S Leiser, Dom Exp Co, J W & Plett, Baker & Son, Albion Iron Works, Geo Pollick, L Goodacre, W Smith, J Sehl.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SATURDAY HALF-HOLIDAY.

ON AND AFTER THE SEVENTEENTH day of May, the workshops of the undersigned Horse shoers and Carriage builders will be closed every Saturday at one o'clock.

(Signed)

W. C. Bryant & Son,
W. Ledingham,
M. J. Conlin,
James Hay,
Geo. Ledingham,
A. McGregor,
J. W. Knight,
John Meston,
Wm. Mable,
Wm. McCurraca,
Wm. J. Hodge,
W. McKitrik,
Wm. Powell,
Hugh Caldwell,
P. W. Dempster,
J. F. Beek.

—THE—

WHITE HOUSE

Kid Gloves.

JUST RECEIVED

Kid Gauntlets.

Tan Afghan, self-colored points.

Two-clasp Tan Doe Gauntlets.

Children's Kid Gloves.

"Marguerite" Kid Glove (this make guaranteed).

Men's two-button Tan Afghan, 4-cord points.

H. Young & Co

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Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital.

(Incorporated 1890.)

To Contractors for Supplies.

SEALED TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED for supplying the above Institution for 13 months from 31st May, 1890, up to 30th June, 1891, for the following articles, to be delivered free:—

Meat, Vegetables, Bread, Milk, Drugs, Medical Appliances, Coals and Groceries, and to be of the best qualities, similar to the articles supplied to the present Royal Hospital.

All tenders to be marked for the special articles tendered for therein, and directed to the undersigned for the new Board of Directors, not later than 3rd day of June next at 6 p. m.

WILLIAM M. CHUDLEY,
Hon. Sec. pro tem.

Victoria, B. C., 3rd May, 1890. my4-td

Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital.

(Incorporated 1890.)

RESIDENTIAL MEDICAL OFFICER.

APPLICATIONS FOR THIS POSITION AT the above Institution will be received up to the 3rd day of June next, at 6 p. m.

All applications are to be made IN WRITING ONLY, stating age, qualifications, copies of testimonials, if previously engaged in hospital practice, and what remuneration has hitherto been received by applicant in such position.

Applications to be marked "Resident Medical Officer" and addressed for the new Board of Directors to

WILLIAM M. CHUDLEY,
Hon. Sec. pro tem.

Victoria, B. C., 5th May, 1890. my5-td

Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital.

(Incorporated 1890.)

NURSES.

APPLICATIONS FOR THE POSITION of Superintendent Matron and Nurse, and three under nurses, for the above Institution will be received up to the 3rd day of June next, at 6 p. m.

All applications are to be made IN WRITING ONLY, stating age, copies of testimonials, if specially trained, where previously engaged, and the amount of remuneration hitherto received for such services.

Applications to be marked "Nurses" and addressed for the new Board of Directors to

WILLIAM M. CHUDLEY,
Hon. Sec. pro tem.

Victoria, B. C., 3rd May, 1890. [illegible]

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SIX SOUND REASONS

WHY YOU SHOULD

TRADE WITH US:

ONE FOR EVERY DAY IN THE WEEK that our store is open.

MONDAY.
You want to Save Time, and we can suit you without the loss of a minute.

TUESDAY.
You want to save money; we can help you there.

WEDNESDAY.
You want something extra good; it's here.

THURSDAY.
Can't leave the house, and want to send the child where he'll get treated right.

FRIDAY.
You want a lucky purchase to counterbalance the evil day. Bargains always here.

SATURDAY.
You want to feel good all day Sunday and that brings you to us.

Alpaca COATS.
Boys' CLOTHING.
Calico SHIRTS.
Dusters, LINEN.
Elastic BELTS.
Flannel SHIRTS.
GURNSEYS.
HATS, all kinds.
Jean PANTS.
Kid GLOVES.
Laced SHIRTS.
Men's CLOTHING.
NECKWEAR.
OVERCOATS, spring.
PANTS, all kinds.
QUILTS.
Regatta SHIRTS.
Straw HATS.
TOWELS.
UNDERWEAR.
VALISES.
White SHIRTS.

IN ENDLESS VARIETY AT

CAMERON'S CASH STORE

55 JOHNSON STREET.

FOR NAAS RIVER AND WAY PORTS.

The Steamer

BARBARA BOSCOWITZ

Will sail for the Northern

WEDNESDAY MAY 7, at 1 P.M.

From Janion's wharf for Fort Simpson and way ports.

For freight or passage apply to

CAPT. J. D. WARREN,
Government street.

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THE GREAT

CHINESE BASEBALL CLUB

—CONSISTING OF—

18 WONDERFUL CHINESE 18

BASEBALL PLAYERS.

In Full Chinese Uniform.

Will play an exhibition game at the

CALEDONIAN GROUNDS

On Saturday, May 10th, 1890

Roars of Laughing from the beginning to the end.

Doors open at 2 p.m., game called at 3. Good music in attendance. Seating accommodation provided.

GENERAL ADMISSION, 25 CENTS.

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QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY

1819 1890

CELEBRATION

AND RECEPTION

To Their Royal Highnesses the Duke and Duchess of Connaught

AT VICTORIA, B.C.

THREE DAYS

May 22nd, 23rd and 24th

International Baseball Matches

LACROSSE MATCH, ATHLETIC SPORTS, FOOT RACES

WRESTLING BY 15 JAPS.

MANŒUVERING BY H.B.M. TORPEDO BOATS

And Explosion of submarine Mines.

SAILING RACES.

Regatta on Victoria Arm

TWO DAYS HORSE RACING

BICYCLE RACES.

TO CONCLUDE WITH A GRAND ILLUMINATION

And Lantern Parade of [illegible]

Return Tickets on all Railway and Steamboat lines at Single Fare.

PRIZES $5000.00

JOHN GRANT, Mayor, Chairman.

S. PERRY MILLS, Hon. Secretary.

W.H. DALBY, Hon. Treas.

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For particulars see programmes.